Aeschylus

Agamemnon. Text and Translation



WILLIAM WATSON GOODWIN, AESCHYLUS

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AESCHYLUS: AGAMEMNON





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The "Agamemnon" is the first of three connected tragedies which together won the first prize in the dramatic contest at

Athens in the spring of 458 B.C.

Ten years have passed since Agamemnon, the son of Atreus, and King of Argos and Mycenae, led the expedition against Troy to take vengeance on Paris, Priam's son, who had carried off Helen, wife of his brother Menelaus. To appease the wrath of Artemis whom he had angered, and who therefore restrained the fleet at Aulis, Agamemnon has been compelled to sacrifice his daughter Iphigenia. Filled with desire to avenge on the King the death of her child, Oueen Clytaemnestra (Helen's sister), who meantime held sway at Argos, lent a willing ear to the passion of Prince Aegisthus, son of that Thyestes whom his brother Atreus had caused to feast on the flesh of his own children in requital for the seduction of his wife by Thyestes. The curse resting on the house of Agamemnon had descended from earlier generations; for Atreus was the son of Pelops, who by foul play had won his bride Hippodameia from her father Oenomaus, and Pelops was himself the son of Tantalus.

Now it had been foretold that Troy should fall in the tenth year of the siege, and for the space of an entire year a watchman has been stationed on the roof of the palace at Argos, on the lookout for the flaming of the nearest of the series of beacon-fires arranged by Agamemnon to convey intelligence to his Queen that Troy had

fallen. - Here the action of the play begins.

The "Libation-pourers." — After the murder of Agamemnon, Clytaemnestra and Aegisthus rule at Argos undisturbed for seven years. Though her crime remains unpunished, the Queen has dreamed that she has given birth to a serpent which she has nourished at her breast. Now it came to pass that Orestes, her son and Agamemnon's, who had been sent away to Phocis, has grown to manhood and returns, in company with his friend Pylades, in obedience to the command of Apollo, to take vengeance upon his mother. On the day of his arrival his sister Electra, who had remained at home suffering contumely at the hands of her mother, has been despatched by the Queen to the tomb of Agamemnon,

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bearing offerings by which Clytaemnestra hoped to propitiate the shade of her murdered husband. The Princess is accompanied by her handmaidens, consisting of captive Trojan women, who form the chorus of "Libation-pourers." Despite their long separation, brother and sister recognize each other and prepare to avenge their murdered father. Orestes disguises himself and reappears as a stranger, who tells the Oueen a false message of his own death, which she receives with feigned grief. Orestes is lodged within the palace, and the absent Aegisthus is sent for, but returns only to meet his death. His cries summon Clytaemnestra, who discovers his dead body, and beside it the stranger in whom she divines her The mother at first appeals for pity, then, regaining courage, threatens her son with madness from the Furies, who avenge the crime of matricide. Clytaemnestra is driven within and killed by Orestes, who reappears bearing the blood-stained robe in which his father had been entangled in the bath. Orestes then declares his purpose to seek purification at Apollo's shrine at Delphi, but sees the avenging Furies of his mother, who are visible to him alone, and rushes forth pursued by them.

The "Furies." — Orestes appears as a suppliant in the sanctuary at Delphi overtaken by the dread band of Furies, who have pursued him even to the shrine of his patron God. The ghost of Clytaemnestra arouses the Furies, who have fallen asleep after their long chase, and stimulates them to their duty of enacting vengeance on a son who has shed a mother's blood. Apollo presents himself to the harassed Orestes and bids him repair to Athens and take sanctuary on the Acropolis there under the protection of Athena. The scene shifts to Athens, where a solemn court is instituted on the Areopagus under the presidency of the Athenian goddess. Orestes defends his action as undertaken by the injunction of Apollo, who testifies in his behalf and justifies his counsel. The Furies themselves are the accusers, and are incensed at the acquittal of their intended victim, who is pronounced guiltless only by the deciding ballot of Athena. Their threats to bring ruin on the land of Athena yield to the entreaties of the Goddess, who promises them honors for all time if they will lay aside their wrath and make Athens their abiding place. And thus the curse of the house of Agamemnon is laid at rest.

DRAMATIS PERSONAE

AGAMEMNON, King of Argos.

CLYTAEMNESTRA, his Queen.

CASSANDRA, a captive Trojan princess and prophetess.

AEGISTHUS, a prince, cousin of Agamemnon.

WATCHMAN.

HERALD.

CHORUS OF ARGIVE ELDERS.

Scene: before the Royal Palace at Argos.

TIME: night, and then day.

AESCHYLUS' AGAMEMNON

WATCHMAN

I have prayed the Gods for respite from these toils through the length of my year's watch, while, bedded on the roof of the Atreidae, from my bended arm I watch like a dog the assemblage of the stars of night, those that bring winter and summer to mortals, bright lords gleaming in the sky, - the stars I mean, their settings and their risings. And now I am watching for the signal of the torch, the gleam of fire that is to bring news from Troy and tidings of her capture; for so commands a woman's manly counselling hopeful heart. But while I keep this night-wandering dewy bed, not visited by dreams, - this bed of mine, for fear is my companion in place of sleep, so that I cannot close my eves steadily in slumber, - and when I please to sing or hum, taking this medicine of song to keep off sleep, then I weep, bewailing the calamities of this house, which is not as of vore ordered for the best. And now I pray that a happy release from 20 my toils may come, by the signal fire appearing with good tidings through the gloom of night.

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Hail, light of the night, showing us a light

ΑΙΣΧΥΛΟΥ ΑΓΑΜΕΜΝΩΝ

ΦΥΛΑΞ

Θεούς μεν αίτω τωνδ' απαλλαγήν πόνων, φρουράς έτείας μήκος, ήν κοιμώμενος στέγαις 'Ατρειδών άγκαθεν, κυνός δίκην. άστρων κάτοιδα νυκτέρων δμήγυριν, καὶ τοὺς φέροντας χείμα καὶ θέρος βροτοίς 5 λαμπρούς δυνάστας, έμπρέποντας αἰθέρι, άστέρας, όταν φθίνωσιν, άντολάς τε τῶν. καὶ νῦν φυλάσσω λαμπάδος τὸ σύμβολον, αὐγὴν πυρὸς φέρουσαν ἐκ Τροίας φάτιν άλώσιμόν τε βάξιν . ὧδε γὰρ κρατεῖ 10 γυναικός άνδρόβουλον έλπίζον κέαρ. εὖτ' ἀν δὲ νυκτίπλαγκτον ἔνδροσόν τ' ἔχω εὐνὴν ὀνείροις οὐκ ἐπισκοπουμένην έμήν - φόβος γὰρ ἀνθ' ὕπνου παραστατεῖ, τὸ μὴ βεβαίως βλέφαρα συμβαλείν ὖπνω -15 όταν δ' ἀείδειν ἡ μινύρεσθαι δοκώ, υπνου τόδ' αντίμολπον έντέμνων άκος, κλαίω τότ' οίκου τοῦδε συμφοράν στένων, ούχ ώς τὰ πρόσθ' ἄριστα διαπονουμένου. νῦν δ' εὐτυχὴς γένοιτ' ἀπαλλαγὴ πόνων εὐαγγέλου φανέντος ὀρφναίου πυρός. ὧ χαιρε λαμπτήρ νυκτός, ήμερήσιον

bright as the day, and causing many choruses to assemble in Argos to celebrate this event. Huzza! Huzza! I give this loud signal to Aga-25 memnon's queen, that she rise from her couch with all haste and raise a song of joyous triumph in the palace for this signal-fire, if the city of Ilion is really captured, as this bright flame clearly 30 announces. And I myself will dance a prelude; for I shall count it that our masters' fortunes have taken a lucky turn, since this fire has thrown me treble sixes. May it be my fortune with this hand of mine to lift the loving hand of the master 35 of this house on his return. Of all else I am silent; a great ox has stept upon my tongue. Yet the house itself, if it should find a voice, might speak most plainly; but I willingly speak to those who know, and willingly forget to those who know not.

CHORUS

This is the tenth year since Priam's great adversaries, King Menelaus and Agamemnon, with double-throned and double-sceptred honor from Zeus, a mighty pair of sons of Atreus, led from this shore the Argive armament of a thousand ships, a vengeful array, shouting the name of mighty Ares from their hearts, like vultures

φάος πιφαύσκων καὶ χορῶν κατάστασιν πολλῶν ἐν *Αργει, τῆσδε συμφορᾶς χάριν. ἰοῦ ἰοῦ.

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30

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'Αγαμέμνονος γυναικὶ σημαίνω τορῶς, εὐνῆς ἐπαντείλασαν ὡς τάχος δόμοις ὀλολυγμὸν εὐφημοῦντα τῆδε λαμπάδι ἐπορθιάζειν, εἴπερ Ἰλίου πόλις ἑάλωκεν, ὡς ὁ φρυκτὸς ἀγγέλλων πρέπει αὐτός τ' ἔγωγε φροίμιον χορεύσομαι. τὰ δεσποτῶν γὰρ εὖ πεσόντα θήσομαι τρὶς ἔξ βαλούσης τῆσδέ μοι φρυκτωρίας. γένοιτο δ' οὖν μολόντος εὐφιλῆ χέρα ἄνακτος οἶκων τῆδε βαστάσαι χερί. τὰ δ' ἄλλα σιγῶ · βοῦς ἐπὶ γλώσση μέγας βέβηκεν · οἶκος δ' αὐτός, εἰ φθογγὴν λάβοι, σαφέστατ' ἄν λέξειεν · ὡς ἑκὼν ἐγὼ μαθοῦσιν αὐδῶ κοὐ μαθοῦσι λήθομαι.

XOPO≤

δέκατον μὲν ἔτος τόδ' ἐπεὶ Πριάμου μέγας ἀντίδικος,
Μενέλαος ἄναξ ἢδ' ᾿Αγαμέμνων, διθρόνου Διόθεν καὶ δισκήπτρου τιμῆς, ὀχυρὸν ζεῦγος ᾿Ατρειδᾶν,
στόλον ᾿Αργείων χιλιοναύτην τῆσδ' ἀπὸ χώρας ἢραν, στρατιῶτιν ἀρωγήν, μέγαν ἐκ θυμοῦ κλάζοντες Ἦρη τρόπον αἰγυπιῶν,

who, in solitary grief for their young, wheel 50 round high above their nests, rowing with the oars of their wings, having lost the labor spent in watching the nests of their young. But some God above, Apollo, Pan or Zeus, hearing the shrill bird-cry of these strangers, sends a late-avenging Fury against the transgressors. Thus the mighty Zeus, God of hospitality, 60 sends the sons of Atreus against Alexander, in vengeance for the woman of many suitors, to impose on Greeks and Trojans alike struggles many and wearying to the limbs, where the knee is pressed in the dust and the spear is shivered in the onset. Things are where they are, but they are coming to pass according to fate; and no man by secret burnt-offerings or libations, or by tears, will soften the wrath of the Gods excited 70 by unacceptable sacrifices. But we, dishonored with our ancient bodies, left behind by the array which then set forth, remain at home, supporting our child-like strength upon our staves. For when the youthful marrow that rules within the breast becomes oldlike and the God of war is no longer at his post, then in hoary age, now in

οιτ' έκπατίοις άλγεσι παίδων 50 ύπατοι λεχέων στροφοδινούνται. πτερύγων έρτμοισιν έρεεσσόμενοι, δεμνιοτήρη πόνον δρταλίχων δλέσαντες. ύπατος δ' ἀΐων ή τις Απόλλων 55 ή Παν ή Ζεύς οιωνόθροον γόον όξυβόαν τῶνδε μετοίκων ύστερόποινον πέμπει παραβασιν Ἐρινύν. ούτω δ' 'Ατρέως παίδας ὁ κρείσσων 60 έπ' 'Αλεξάνδρω πέμπει ξένιος Ζεύς πολυάνορος άμφὶ γυναικός, πολλά παλαίσματα καὶ γυιοβαρή γόνατος κονίαισιν έρειδομένου διακναιομένης τ' έν προτελείοις 65 κάμακος θήσων Δαναοίσι Τρωσί θ' όμοίως. ἔστι δ' όπη νῦν έστι τελείται δ' ές τὸ πεπρωμένον. οὖθ' ὑποκαίων οὖθ' ὑπολείβων οὖτε δακρύων ἀπύρων ἱερῶν 70 όργας απενείς παραθέλξει. ήμεις δ' ατίται σαρκί παλαιά της τότ' άρωγης ύπολειφθέντες μίμνομεν ίσχυν. ισόπαιδα νέμοντες έπι σκήπτροις. 75 ότε γάρ νεαρός μυελός στέρνων έντὸς ἀνάσσων ισόπρεσβυς, "Αρης δ' οὐκ ἔνι χώρα,

the sear and withered leaf, man goes his way on three feet, and, no better than a child, wanders a vision in the light of day. /But thou daughter of Tyndareus, Queen Clytaemnestra, what is thy need? What news hast thou? Persuaded by what message dost thou kindle these sacrifices sent to all these altars? And the shrines of all the Gods who rule the city, the Gods above, the Gods below, the Gods in heaven, and the Gods of the market, are flaming with 90 offerings; and now here, now there, high as heaven rises the flame of the torch, fed with the soft deceitless persuasions of pure unguent, the royal oil from the choicest palace stores. Tell us whatever of this thou canst and what it is right to tell, and become a healer of this our anxiety, which at one moment is fraught with thoughts of evil, while again soothing hope comes to us from thy sacrifices and drives off insatiate care, the grief that is devouring our soul

I am empowered to tell of the victory of avenging men that was foreboded on the road,—for persuasion from the Gods still inspires my song, and

τόθ' ὑπέργηρως, φυλλάδος ήδη 80 κατακαρφομένης, τρίποδας μεν όδους στείχει, παιδὸς δ' οὐδεν ἀρείων οναρ ήμεροφαντον άλαίνει. σὺ δὲ, Τυνδάρεω θύγατερ, βασίλεια Κλυταιμήστρα, τί χρέος; τί νέον: τί δ' ἐπαισθομένη. 85 τίνος άγγελίας πειθοί περίπεμπτα θυοσκείς: πάντων δὲ θεῶν τῶν ἀστυνόμων. ύπάτων, χθονίων, τῶν τ' οὐρανίων τῶν τ' ἀγοραίων, βωμοί δώροισι φλέγονται. άλλη δ' άλλοθεν οὐρανομήκης λαμπάς ἀνίσχει, φαρμασσομένη χρίματος άγνοῦ μαλακαῖς ἀδόλοισι παρηγορίαις, 95 πελάνω μυχόθεν βασιλείω. τούτων λέξαις ο τι καὶ δυνατὸν καὶ θέμις αἰνεῖν, παιών τε γενού τησδε μερίμνης, 100 ἡ νῦν τοτὲ μὲν κακόφρων τελέθει, τοτε δ' εκ θυσιών άγανη φανθείσ' έλπὶς ἀμύνει φροντίδ' ἄπληστον, την θυμοβόρον φρένα λύπην.

κύριός εἰμι θροεῖν ὅδιον κράτος αἴσιον ἀνδρῶν Str. τος ἐκτελέων — ἔτι γὰρ θεόθεν καταπνείει πειθὼ μολπάν ·

my age still gives me strength, - how the twothroned might of the Achaeans, the harmonious leaders of the youth of Hellas, the fierce bird sends to the Trojan land with spear and avenging hand; the king of the birds appearing to the kings of the ships, - himself black, with another white-tailed, - appearing near the roof-tree on the spear-hurling hand, in all conspicuous seats, feeding on the offspring of a hare pregnant with her 120 brood, stopped in her last course. Sing a song of woe, a song of woe; but may the good prevail.

And the noble prophet of the army seeing the two warrior sons of Atreus unlike in their tempers, recognized the martial leaders in the devourers of the hare. And thus he spake, interpreting the omen: "In time this armament shall capture Priam's city, and fate shall violently destroy all the collected possessions of her towers, the people's abundant wealth; only let no wrath 130 from the Gods cast a gloom upon the great army now encamped, which is to be a bit for the mouth of Troy, and strike it down before its time. For holy Artemis is full of vengeance against the royal house, the winged hounds of her father, who are devouring the poor timorous hare with all her brood before she gives them birth; and she loathes the eagles' banquet. Sing a song of woe, a song of woe; but may the good prevail.

at Aulis

άλκὰν σύμφυτος αἰών —
ὅπως ᾿Αχαιῶν δίθρονον κράτος, Ἑλλάδος ἤβας

ἔύμφρονα ταγάν,
πέμπει σὺν δορὶ καὶ χερὶ πράκτορι
θούριος ὄρνις Τευκρίδ᾽ ἐπ᾽ αἶαν,
οἰωνῶν βασιλεὺς
βασιλεῦσι νεῶν, ὁ κελαινός,

115 ὅ τ' ἐξόπιν ἀργậς,
φανέντες ἴκταρ μελάθρων χερὸς ἐκ δοριπάλτου παμπρέπτοις ἐν ἔδραισι,
βοσκόμενοι λαγίναν ἐρικυμάδα φέρματι γένναν,
120 βλαβέντα λοισθίων δρόμων.
αἴλινον αἴλινον εἰπέ, τὸ δ' εὖ νικάτω.

κεδνὸς δὲ στρατόμαντις ἰδων δύο λήμασι δισσοὺς Ant. 'Ατρεΐδας μαχίμους ἐδάη λαγοδαίτας πομπούς τ' ἀρχάς ·

125 οὕτω δ' εἶπε τεράζων·
" χρόνφ μὲν ἀγρεῖ Πριάμου πόλιν ἄδε κέλευθος,
πάντα δὲ πύργων
κτήνη προσθετὰ δημιοπληθῆ

130 Μοῖρ' ἀλαπάξει πρὸς τὸ βίαιον ·
οἶον μή τις ἄγα θεόθεν κνεφάση προτυπὲν στόμιον μέγα Τροίας

135 στρατωθέν. οἴκῳ γὰρ ἐπίφθονος Ἄρτεμις ἁγνά, πτανοῖσιν κυσὶ πατρὸς αὐτότοκον πρὸ λόχου μογερὰν πτάκα θυομένοισι · στυγεῖ δὲ δεῖπνον αἰετῶν." αἴλινον αἴλινον εἰπέ, τὸ δ' εὖ νικάτω.

"So kindly as the beautiful Goddess is to the 140 tender young of savage lions, and delightful as she is to the breast-loving offspring of all the beasts that roam the field, she is begging her father to fulfil what these omens signify, the propitious but also the inauspicious omens of the birds. But I invoke the aid of Apollo, the healing God, that she may cause no long delays to detain the ships by contrary winds, in her eagerness for a new sacrifice, a lawless one, of which no man can partake, a kindred worker of strife, one that fears not man; for there abides, - terrible, ever rising afresh, haunting the house, deceitful, never forgetting, - the wrath that avenges a slaughtered child." Such things, mingled with great good, did Calchas proclaim as predicted to the royal house by the omens seen upon the road. In harmony with these, sing a song of woe, a song of woe, but may the good prevail.

Zeus, whoever he may be, if it pleases him thus to be called, thus I invoke him. I cannot divine, when I weigh everything except Zeus, whether I have a right truly to cast aside this burden of grief from my soul.

He who of old was mighty, swelling with all-

Epod.

140 τόσσον περ εὖφρων καλὰ δρόσοισι λεπτοῖς μαλερῶν λεόντω··, πάντων τ' ἀγρονόμων φιλομάστοις θηρῶν ὀβρικάλοισι τερπνά, τούτων αἰτεῖ ξύμβολα κρᾶναι,

0.0

145 δέξια μέν, κατάμομφα δὲ φάσματα στρουθῶν.
 ἰήιον δὲ καλέω Παιᾶνα,
 μή τινας ἀντιπνόους
 Δαναοῖς χρονίας ἐχενηΐδας

150 ἀπλοίας τεύξη, σπευδομένα θυσίαν ἐτέραν ἄνομόν τιν', ἄδαιτον, νεικέων τέκτονα σύμφυτον, οὐ δεισήνορα. μίμνει γὰρ φοβερὰ παλίνορτος

155 οἰκονόμος δολία μνάμων μῆνις τεκνόποινος.''
τοιάδε Κάλχας ξὺν μεγάλοις ἀγαθοῖς ἀπέκλαγξεν
μόρσιμ' ἀπ' ὀρνίθων ὁδίων οἴκοις βασιλείοις.
τοῖς δ' ὁμόφωνον
αἴλινον αἴλινον εἰπέ, τὸ δ' εὖ νικάτω.

160 Ζεύς, ὄστις ποτ' ἐστίν, εἰ τόδ' αὐτῷ φίλον κεκλημένῳ,
τοῦτό νιν προσεννέπω.
οὐκ ἔχω προσεικάσαι
πάντ' ἐπισταθμώμενος
165 πλὴν Διός, εἰ τόδ' ἐμᾶς ἀπὸ φροντίδος ἄχθος

Str. 1

οὐδ' ὄστις πάροιθεν ἢν μέγας,

χρη βαλείν έτητύμως.

Ant. I

thrones.

troo defiant courage, shall not even be mentioned; he is among the things that were. And he who followed next has found his champion and is gone. But he who zealously shouts the name of Zeus in songs of victory shall gain the whole of wisdom,—

Zeus, who set mortals on the road to wisdom by enacting as a fixed law that knowledge cometh by suffering. And o'er the heart in sleep trickle drops of torturing recollection of woe, and thus does discretion come to men even against their will. And this is surely a boon of the Gods, who sit in might upon their awful

And then the elder leader of the Achaean ships, having no blame for any prophet, yielding to the fortunes which smote him, when the Achaean host was pressed by delay which exhausted their stores, while they were held fast beyond Chalcis in the refluent region of Aulis;

And when the blasts that blow from the Strymon, causing evil delay, hungry blasts, which keep men at anchor to their hurt, which drive mortals astray, unsparing of both ships and cables, ever redoubling the time of their delay,

Str. 2

παμμάχω θράσει βρύων, 170 ούδε λέξεται πρίν ων. δς δ' έπειτ' έφυ, τριακτήρος οίχεται τυχών. Ζήνα δέ τις προφρόνως ἐπινίκια κλάζων τεύξεται φρενών τὸ πᾶν · 175

> τον φρονείν βροτούς όδώσαντα, τὸν πάθει μάθος θέντα κυρίως ἔχειν. στάζει δ' έν θ' ύπνω προ καρδίας μνησιπήμων πόνος καὶ παρ' ἄκοντας ἦλθε σω-

φρονείν. δαιμόνων δέ που χάρις βιαίως σέλμα σεμνον ήμενων.

180

195

καὶ τόθ' ἡγεμὼν ὁ πρέ-185 Ant. 2 σβυς νεών 'Αχαιϊκών, μάντιν οὔτινα ψέγων, έμπαίοις τύχαισι συμπνέων, εὖτ' ἀπλοία κεναγγεῖ βαρύνοντ' 'Αχαιικὸς λεώς, Χαλκίδος πέραν ἔχων παλιρρό-190 χθοις έν Αὐλίδος τόποις ·

πνοαί δ' ἀπὸ Στρυμόνος μολοῦσαι Str. 3 κακόσχολοι, νήστιδες, δύσορμοι, βροτών ἄλαι, νεών τε καὶ πεισμάτων ἀφειδείς, παλιμμήκη χρόνον τιθείσαι

were wasting the flower of the Argives; and when the prophet proclaimed in the name of Artemis another remedy for the bitter storm, but more terrible still, so that the sons of Atreus smote the ground with their staves and could not restrain their tears,

Then the elder king thus spake and said: "Hard is the fate not to obey; but hard is it if I must slay my child, the ornament of my house, polluting with streams of virgin blood a father's hands before the altar. Which of these is without its terrors? How can I desert my fleet and lose my allies? For that they in their temper should intemperately call for a sacrifice to still the wind and for the virgin's blood is right; and may it be for the best."

And when he had bowed his neck to necessity's yoke, breathing now an impious change of heart, unblessed and unholy, then he turned to contemplate the all-daring deed. For base-counselling wretched infatuation, the beginning of woe, emboldens mortals. And he dared to become the sacrificer of his daughter, to aid the war waged to avenge a woman, and as an offering of first-fruits for the ships.

210

Str. 4

τρίβφ κατέξαινον ἄνθος 'Αργείων, ἐπεὶ δὲ καὶ πικροῦ χείματος ἄλλο μῆχαρ

200 βριθύτερον πρόμοισιν μάντις ἔκλαγξεν προφέρων Αρτεμιν, ωστε χθόνα βάκ-

τροις ἐπικρούσαντας ᾿Ατρείδας δάκρυ μὴ κατασχεῖν ·

205 ἄναξ δ' ὁ πρέσβυς τότ' εἶπε φωνῶν · Ant. 3
" βαρεῖα μὲν κὴρ τὸ μὴ πιθέσθαι,
βαρεῖα δ', εἰ
τέκνον δαΐξω, δόμων ἄγαλμα,
μιαίνων παρθενοσφάγοισι

210 ρείθροις πατρώους χέρας πέλας βωμοῦ. τί τῶνδ' ἄνευ κακῶν ; πῶς λιπόναυς γένωμαι ξυμμαχίας ἁμαρτών ;

215 παυσανέμου γὰρ θυσίας παρθενίου θ' αἴματος ὀργά περιόργως ἐπιθυμεῖν θέμις. εὖ γὰρ εἴη."

έπεὶ δ' ἀνάγκας ἔδυ λέπαδνον φρενὸς πνέων δυσσεβῆ τροπαίαν

220 ἄναγνον, ἀνίερον, τόθεν
τὸ παντότολμον φρονεῖν μετέγνω.
βροτοὺς θρασύνει γὰρ αἰσχρόμητις
τάλαινα παρακοπὰ πρωτοπήμων.
ἔτλα δ' οὖν θυτὴρ γενέ-

225 σθαι θυγατρός, γυναικοποίνων πολέμων άρωγαν καὶ προτέλεια ναῶν.

AGAMEMNON --- 2

250

And the war-loving nobles made of no account her tears and her calling upon her father's name and her virgin age; and the father, after a prayer, bade the servants with all their courage to raise her, like a kid, above the altar, with neck inclined, enveloped in her falling robes, and, as a guard upon her beautiful mouth, to restrain her voice that might utter a curse upon the house,

by the strength and silencing force of gags. And as she let fall to the ground the saffron dye, she smote each of her sacrificers with a piteous glance from the eye; and she lay beautiful as in a picture, wishing to speak, for oft in her father's hospitable halls she had sung, and a pure virgin with her chaste voice she had lovingly honored her dear father's thrice-blessed joyous life.

What followed I neither saw, nor do I tell it; but the divinations of Calchas never fail in fulfilment. Justice brings knowledge within the reach of those who have suffered; but as to the future, you can hear it when it comes; before that bid it farewell; it is as well as to lament it beforehand, for it will come precisely in accordance with those divinations. But may good

Ant. 4

λιτὰς δὲ καὶ κληδόνας πατρώους
παρ' οὐδὲν αἰῶνα παρθένειόν τ'
230 ἔθεντο φιλόμαχοι βραβῆς.
φράσεν δ' ἀόζοις πατὴρ μετ' εὐχὰν
δίκαν χιμαίρας ὕπερθε βωμοῦ
πέπλοισι περιπετῆ παντὶ θυμῷ
προνωπῆ λαβεῖν ἀέρ-

235 δην, στόματός τε καλλιπρώρου φυλακάν κατασχείν φθόγγον άραίον οἴκοις

βία χαλινῶν τ' ἀναύδω μένει. Str. 5
κρόκου βαφὰς δ' ἐς πέδον χέουσα
240 ἔβαλλ' ἔκαστον θυτήρων ἀπ' ὅμματος βέλει φιλοίκτω,
πρέπουσά θ' ὡς ἐν γραφαῖς, προσεννέπειν
θέλουσ', ἐπεὶ πολλάκις
πατρὸς κατ' ἀνδρῶνας εὐτραπέζους
245 ἔμελψεν, ἁγνᾳ δ' ἀταύρωτος αὐδᾳ πατρὸς
φίλου τριτόσπονδον εὖποτμον
αἰῶνα φίλως ἐτίμα.

τὰ δ' ἔνθεν οὖτ' εἶδον οὖτ' ἐννέπω · Αnt. 5
τέχναι δὲ Κάλχαντος οὐκ ἄκραντοι.
250 Δίκα δὲ τοῖς μὲν παθοῦσιν μαθεῖν ἐπιρρέπει · τὸ
μέλλον δ'
ἐπεὶ γένοιτ' ἄν κλύοις · πρὸ χαιρέτω ·
ἴσον δὲ τῷ προστένειν ·
τορὸν γὰρ ἥξει σύνορθον αὐταῖς.
255 πέλοιτο δ' οὖν τἀπὶ τούτοισιν εὖπραξις, ὡς

fortune follow these events, for thus prays this nearest and only guard now left to the Apian land.

I have come, Clytaemnestra, to do homage to thy authority; for it is right to honor the wife of a man in power when the husband's throne is left vacant. But I would gladly hear whether thou hast heard anything new, or whether, in lack of news, thou art sacrificing through hope of good tidings; nor will I grudge it thee if thou art silent.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

With good tidings, as the proverb says, may the Morn appear from her mother Night; and you shall learn a joy which is beyond all hope to hear. The Argives have captured the city of Priam.

CHORUS LEADER

What sayest thou? Thy word has escaped me from my distrust.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Troy is in the hands of the Greeks. Do I speak plainly?

CHORUS LEADER

Joy creeps over me and calls forth my tears.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Yes, your eye declares that your thoughts are kind.

θέλει τόδ' ἄγχιστον 'Απίας γαίας μονόφρουρον ἔρκος.

260

ήκω σεβίζων σόν, Κλυταιμήστρα, κράτος · δίκη γάρ ἐστι φωτὸς ἀρχηγοῦ τίειν γυναῖκ' ἐρημωθέντος ἄρσενος θρόνου. σὰ δ' εἴ τι κεδνὸν εἴτε μὴ πεπυσμένη εὐαγγέλοισιν ἐλπίσιν θυηπολεῖς, κλύοιμ' ἀν εὔφρων · οὐδὲ σιγώση φθόνος.

K∧YTAIMH≤TPA

εὐάγγελος μέν, ὥσπερ ἡ παροιμία, ²⁶⁵ ἔως γένοιτο μητρὸς εὐφρόνης πάρα. πεύσει δὲ χάρμα μεῖζον ἐλπίδος κλύειν· Πριάμου γὰρ ἡρήκασιν ᾿Αργεῖοι πόλιν.

XOPO€

πῶς φής; πέφευγε τοὖπος έξ ἀπιστίας.

K∧YTAIMH≷TPA

Τροίαν 'Αχαιῶν οὖσαν · ἢ τορῶς λέγω;

XOPO€

270 χαρά μ' ύφέρπει δάκρυον ἐκκαλουμένη.

K∧YTAIMH<TPA

εὖ γὰρ φρονοῦντος ὄμμα σοῦ κατηγορεῖ.

CHORUS LEADER

But how? Hast thou any credible proof of this?

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Of course I have, unless a God has deceived me.

CHORUS LEADER

Dost thou honor as credible visions which come to thee in dreams?

CLYTAEMNESTRA

I would not base my judgment on a mind asleep.

CHORUS LEADER

Well, has any unfledged report elated thee?

CLYTAEMNESTRA

You scorn my thoughts as if I were a mere girl.

CHORUS LEADER

Well, how long then has the city been captured?

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Within the night which has just given birth to this day, I tell you.

CHORUS LEADER

280 And what messenger, pray, could come with such speed as this?

XOPO≷

τί γάρ ; τὸ πιστόν ἐστι τῶνδέ σοι τέκμαρ ;

K∧YTAIMH≤TPA

έστιν · τί δ' οὐχί; μη δολώσαντος θεοῦ.

XOPO€

πότερα δ' ὀνείρων φάσματ' εὐπιθη σέβεις;

K∧YTAIMH<TPA

275 οὐ δόξαν ἃν λάβοιμι βριζούσης φρενός.

XOPO₹

άλλ' ή σ' ἐπίανέν τις ἄπτερος φάτις;

K∧YTAIMH≷TPA

παιδός νέας ως κάρτ' έμωμήσω φρένας.

XOPO≤

ποίου χρόνου δὲ καὶ πεπόρθηται πόλις;

K∧YTAIMH<TPA

της νῦν τεκούσης φῶς τόδ' εὐφρόνης λέγω.

XOPO≤

280 καὶ τίς τόδ' ἐξίκοιτ' αν ἀγγέλλων τάχος;

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Hephaestus, sending the gleaming signal from Ida. And beacon sent beacon on, sped by the courier flame. Ida sent it to the Hermaean crag of Lemnos; and thirdly the height of Athos, sacred to Zeus, received the great flame from the island. Then leaping high, so as to skim the sea, the mighty torch, proceeding on its joyous way, bright as a sun, announced the golden-gleaming light of the pine to the watchman on Macistus. But he, not delaying, nor foolishly overcome by sleep, passed on the messenger's duty; and the light of the torch went far on to the streams of the Euripus, and gave the signal to the guards of Messapium. And they in turn lighted their fire and sped the message on, kindling a heap of gray heath. And the mighty torch, not yet dimmed, leaped over the plain of the Asopus, like the gleaming moon, to the crags of Cithaeron, and there roused a new succession of the courier flame. And there the guard did not reject the far-sent light, and sent the courier flame mounting to heaven. Then the light darted over Lake Gorgopis, and coming to Mt. Aegiplanctus, exhorted the succession of the fires not to fail. And they sent on a great beard of fire, kindling it with unstinted might, so that it flamed onward and even overleaped the cliff which looks down upon the Saronic Gulf. Then it darted on,

KAYTAIMH≷TPA

"Ηφαιστος "Ιδης λαμπρον έκπέμπων σέλας. φρυκτὸς δὲ φρυκτὸν δεῦρ' ἀπ' ἀγγάρου πυρὸς έπεμπεν · Ιδη μεν προς Ερμαίον λέπας Λήμνου · μέγαν δὲ πανὸν ἐκ νήσου τρίτον 'Αθώον αίπος Ζηνός έξεδέξατο. 285 ύπερτελής τε, πόντον ώστε νωτίσαι, ίσχὺς πορευτοῦ λαμπάδος πρὸς ήδονην πεύκης τὸ χρυσοφεγγές, ώς τις ήλιος, σέλας παρηγγάρευσε Μακίστου σκοπαίς. ό δ' οὖτι μέλλων οὐδ' ἀφρασμόνως ὖπνω 290 νικώμενος παρήκεν άγγέλου μέρος. έκας δε φρυκτοῦ φως ἐπ' Εὐρίπου ροας Μεσσαπίου φύλαξι σημαίνει μολόν. οί δ' ἀντέλαμψαν καὶ παρήγγειλαν πρόσω γραίας έρείκης θωμον άψαντες πυρί. 295 σθένουσα λαμπάς δ' οὐδέπω μαυρουμένη, ύπερθορούσα πεδίον 'Ασωπού, δίκην φαιδράς σελήνης, πρὸς Κιθαιρώνος λέπας ήγειρεν ἄλλην ἐκδοχὴν πομποῦ πυρός. φάος δὲ τηλέπομπον οὐκ ἡναίνετο 300 φρουρά, προσαιθρίζουσα πόμπιμον φλόγα. λίμνην δ' ύπερ Γοργωπιν έσκηψεν φάος. όρος τ' έπ' Αἰγίπλαγκτον έξικνούμενον ώτρυνε θεσμόν μη χαρίζεσθαι πυρός. πέμπουσι δ' ἀνδαίοντες ἀφθόνω μένει 305 φλογὸς μέγαν πώγωνα, καὶ Σαρωνικοῦ πορθμοῦ κάτοπτον πρῶν' ὑπερβάλλειν πρόσω

and then it came to Mt. Arachnaeum, our neighboring watch. And then it strikes upon this roof of the Atreidae, this flame, true child of the fire kindled on Ida. Such are the ready stations of the torch-bearers, filled one in succession from another; and the first and the last runners are both victors. Such proof and such token I give to you, my husband having sent me the message from Troy.

CHORUS LEADER

Hereafter, queen, I will pay my devotions to the Gods; but now I would fain once more hear and wonder at thy story as thou dost tell it.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

The Achaeans hold Troy this very day. I think that an unmixed cry is to be heard in the city. If you mixed vinegar and oil in the same vessel, you would say that they separated in no friendly way. So there may be heard distinct the voices of the captured and the captors, each for his own fortune. The Trojans, fallen upon the bodies of their brethren and their kinsfolk, children on the bodies of old men, from necks no longer free bewail the fate of their dearest. On the other hand, the night-wandering toil after the battle ranges the Greeks hungry at breakfast on what the city affords, according

φλέγουσαν · εἶτ' ἔσκηψεν, εἶτ' ἀφίκετο 'Αραχναῖον αἶπος, ἀστυγείτονας σκοπάς · 310 κἄπειτ' 'Ατρειδῶν ἐς τόδε σκήπτει στέγος φάος τόδ' οὐκ ἄπαππον Ἰδαίου πυρός. τοιοίδ' ἔτοιμοι λαμπαδηφόρων νόμοι, ἄλλος παρ' ἄλλου διαδοχαῖς πληρούμενοι · νικὰ δ' ὁ πρῶτος καὶ τελευταῖος δραμών. 315 τέκμαρ τοιοῦτο σύμβολόν τε σοὶ λέγω ἀνδρὸς παραγγείλαντος ἐκ Τροίας ἐμοί.

XOPO≤

θεοῖς μὲν αὖθις, ὧ γύναι, προσεύξομαι. λόγους δ' ἀκοῦσαι τούσδε κἀποθαυμάσαι διανεκῶς θέλοιμ' ἄν, ὡς λέγεις, πάλιν.

K∧YTAIMH≷TPA

320 Τροίαν 'Αχαιοὶ τῆδ' ἔχουσ' ἐν ἡμέρα.
οἷμαι βοὴν ἄμεικτον ἐν πόλει πρέπειν.
ὄξος τ' ἄλειφά τ' ἐγχέας ταὐτῷ κύτει
διχοστατοῦντ' ἄν οὐ φίλως προσεννέποις.
καὶ τῶν ἁλόντων καὶ κρατησάντων δίχα

325 φθογγὰς ἀκούειν ἔστι συμφορᾶς διπλῆς.
οἱ μὲν γὰρ ἀμφὶ σώμασιν πεπτωκότες
ἀνδρῶν κασιγνήτων τε καὶ φυταλμίων —
παῖδες γερόντων — οὐκέτ' ἐξ ἐλευθέρου
δέρης ἀποιμώζουσι φιλτάτων μόρον ·

330 τοὺς δ' αὖτε νυκτίπλαγκτος ἐκ μάχης πόνος
νήστεις πρὸς ἀρίστοισιν ὧν ἔχει πόλις

to no fixed rule and order; but as each one has drawn fortune's lot, they dwell now in the captive Trojan houses, free from the frosts and dews of the open air, for the poor fellows can now sleep the whole night without guarding. But if they pay due reverence to the Gods which hold the city, those of the conquered land, and the shrines of the Gods, they cannot, after capturing the town, again be captured in their turn. Only I pray that no desire may prematurely fall upon the host to ravage what they should not, tempted by gain; for to secure a safe return home they have to bend their way back through the other arm of the double race-course. But, even if the army should arrive here without having offended the Gods, the suffering of the perished may still prove wakeful, even if no new calamity befall them.

This is what you can hear from me, a woman; and may the good prevail, so that we may see it in no doubtful light. For many are the blessings of which I have promised myself the enjoyment.

CHORUS LEADER

Queen, thou speakest wisely, like a prudent man. But having heard thy trusty proofs, I am preparing to pay due thanks to the Gods; for a blessing not unworthy of our toils has been wrought.

O king Zeus, and friendly night who hast put us in possession of mighty honors, who didst throw over the towers of Troy a close net, so

240

350

τάσσει, πρὸς οὐδὲν ἐν μέρει τεκμήριον · άλλ' ώς έκαστος έσπασεν τύχης πάλον, έν αίχμαλώτοις Τρωικοίς οἰκήμασιν ναίουσιν ήδη, των ύπαιθρίων πάγων 335 δρόσων τ' ἀπαλλαγέντες, ώς δυσδαίμονες άφύλακτον εύδήσουσι πάσαν εύφρόνην. εί δ' εὖ σέβουσι τοὺς πολισσούχους θεούς, τούς της άλούσης γης, θεών θ' ίδρύματα, οὖ τὰν έλόντες αὖθις ἀνθαλοῖεν ἄν. 340 έρως δὲ μή τις πρότερον ἐμπίπτη στρατώ πορθείν α μη χρή, κέρδεσιν νικωμένους. δεί γὰρ πρὸς οἴκους νοστίμου σωτηρίας κάμψαι διαύλου θάτερον κώλον πάλιν. θεοίς δ' ἀναμπλάκητος εἰ μόλοι στρατός, 345 έγρηγορός τὸ πημα τῶν ὀλωλότων γένοιτ' ἄν, εἰ πρόσπαια μὴ τύχοι κακά. τοιαθτά τοι γυναικός έξ έμοθ κλύεις. τὸ δ' εὖ κρατοίη, μὴ διχορρόπως ἰδείν · πολλών γὰρ ἐσθλών τὴν ὄνησιν είλόμην. 350

XOPO€

γύναι, κατ' ἄνδρα σώφρον' εὐφρόνως λέγεις.
έγὼ δ' ἀκούσας πιστά σου τεκμήρια
θεοὺς προσειπεῖν εὖ παρασκευάζομαι.
χάρις γὰρ οὐκ ἄτιμος εἴργασται πόνων.

355 & Ζεῦ βασιλεῦ καὶ νὺξ φιλία μεγάλων κόσμων κτεάτειρα, ἤτ' ἐπὶ Τροίας πύργοις ἔβαλες that neither full-grown nor young could escape
360 the great slavery-net of all-conquering Ate. I
reverence mighty Zeus, God of hospitality, who
has wrought this, who of old had his bow bent
against Alexander, that his dart might neither
fall short of the mark, nor fly high above the
stars.

It is a blow from Zeus they have to tell of; this we may trace out. He (Paris) fared as he (Zeus) willed. There was one who denied that the Gods deign to care for mortals by whom the honor of things sacred is trampled under foot; but he was no pious man. The truth has been shown to the posterity of insufferable men, who breathe the spirit of war more than is just, whose houses overflow with wealth beyond what is best. But may my lot be free from woe, and yet such as to content one who has a fair share of wisdom. For there is no protection in wealth to hide a man who has once in his insolence kicked against the great altar of Justice.

Him wretched persuasion drives on, the fore-counselling unbearable child of Ate. And

στεγανον δίκτυον, ώς μήτε μέγαν μήτ' οὖν νεαρῶν τιν' ὑπερτελέσαι
360 μέγα δουλείας γάγγαμον ἄτης παναλώτου.
Δία τοι ξένιον μέγαν αἰδοῦμαι τον τάδε πράξαντ', ἐπ' ᾿Αλεξάνδρω τείνοντα πάλαι τόξον, ὅπως ἄν
βέλος ἠλίθιον σκήψειεν.

Διὸς πλαγὰν ἔχουσιν εἰπεῖν,
πάρεστι τοῦτό γ' ἐξιχνεῦσαι.
ἔπραξεν ὡς ἔκρανεν. οὐκ ἔφα τις
θεοὺς βροτῶν ἀξιοῦσθαι μέλειν
ὅσοις ἀθίκτων χάρις
πατοῖθ' · ὁ δ' οὐκ εὐσεβής.
πέφανται δ' ἐκγόνοις
ἀτολμήτων *Αρη

370

375

άτολμήτων Αρη πνεόντων μείζον ή δικαίως, φλεόντων δωμάτων ὑπέρφευ ὑπὲρ τὸ βέλτιστον. ἔστω δ' ἀπήμαντον, ὥστε κἀπαρκείν

380 εὖ πραπίδων λαχόντα.
οὐ γὰρ ἔστιν ἔπαλξις
πλούτου πρὸς κόρον ἀνδρὶ
λακτίσαντι μέγαν Δίκας βωμὸν εἰς ἀφάνειαν.

385 βιᾶται δ' å τάλαινα πειθώ, προβουλόπαις ἄφερτος ἄτας.

Str. 1

Ant. 1

all help is vain. The mischief is not concealed, but shines, a balefully gleaming light. And like base metal, by rubbing and by striking he becomes blackened when put to the test; for he is like the boy chasing a bird in the air, and he brings unbearable evil to his state. No one of the Gods listens to his prayers; but they destroy the unjust man who has dealt with deeds like these. So Paris, when he came to the house of the Atreidae, disgraced the hospitable board by the rapine of the queen.

And leaving to her citizens the din of shields and spears and naval armaments, and bearing destruction as her dowry to Ilion, she sped nimbly through the gates, daring what none should dare. And the prophets of the house uttered many lamentations, thus speaking: "Woe! Woe for the palace and the nobles! woe for the nuptial couch and the traces of a wife's affection!

* * * * *

And in his longing for her who is beyond the sea a phantom will seem to be queen of his palace. And even the grace of comely statues is odious

ακος δε παν μάταιον. οὐκ ἐκρύφθη, πρέπει δέ, φως αίνολαμπές, σίνος. κακοῦ δὲ χαλκοῦ τρόπον 390 τρίβω τε καὶ προσβολαῖς μελαμπαγής πέλει δικαιωθείς, έπεὶ διώκει παις ποτανον όρνιν, πόλει πρόστριμμ' ἄφερτον ἐνθείς. 395 λιταν δ' ἀκούει μεν ούτις θεων · τον δ' ἐπίστροφον τωνδε φῶτ' ἄδικον καθαιρεῖ. οΐος καὶ Πάρις ἐλθὼν ές δόμον τὸν ᾿Ατρειδᾶν ήσχυνε ξενίαν τράπεζαν κλοπαίσι γυναικός.

λιποῦσα δ' ἀστοῖσιν ἀσπίστορας Str. 2 κλόνους λογχίμους τε καὶ ναυβάτας ὁπλισμούς, 405 αγουσά τ' αντίφερνον 'Ιλίω φθοράν βέβακεν ρίμφα διὰ πυλᾶν ατλατα τλάσα · πολλά δ' έστενον τότ' ἐννέποντες δόμων προφήται. ιω ιω δώμα δώμα και πρόμοι, ιω λέχος καὶ στίβοι φιλάνορες. † πάρεστι σιγᾶς ἄτιμος ἀλοίδορος άδιστος άφεμένων ίδειν. † πόθω δ' ύπερποντίας φάσμα δόξει δόμων ἀνάσσειν. 415 εὐμόρφων δὲ κολοσσῶν έχθεται χάρις ἀνδρί.

AGAMEMNON - 3

420

to the man, for in the want of the living eyes all love has vanished.

And there come to him sad visions in dreams. bringing empty pleasure; for empty it is when one believes that he sees a noble prize, - and slipping through his hands the vision is gone no sooner than it came, on wings that attend the paths of sleep."

The woes seen at home by the hearthstone are these, and still more terrible than these; and everywhere for those who departed from the land of Hellas sorrow that wears the heart is seen in There are many things the homes of each. indeed that touch the heart; for every one knows whom he sent forth, but, instead of living men, urns and ashes are coming to each one's house.

And Ares, the broker who deals in human bodies, and holds the scales in the contest of the spear, is sending home from Troy to the friends 440 the sad dust burnt in the fire, wept with tears, loading the urns with well-packed ashes in the place of men. And they lament, speaking well of one man as skilled in battle, and of another as having fallen nobly in a conflict for another's wife. But there are other things which many a one is muttering silently, and grief mixed with hatred

430

όμμάτων δ' ἐν ἀχηνίαις ἔρρει πᾶσ' ᾿Αφροδίτα.

420 ὀνειρόφαντοι δὲ πενθήμονες Απt. 2 πάρεισιν δόκαι φέρουσαι χάριν ματαίαν. μάταν γάρ, εὖτ' ἂν ἐσθλά τις δοκῶν ὁρᾶν — παραλλάξασα διὰ χερῶν

425 βέβακεν ὄψις οὐ μεθύστερον πτεροῖς ὀπαδοῖς ὖπνου κελεύθοις.
τὰ μὲν κατ' οἴκους ἐφ' ἐστίας ἄχη τάδ' ἐστὶ καὶ τῶνδ' ὑπερβατώτερα.
τὸ πᾶν δ' ἀφ' Ἑλλάδος γᾶς συνορμένοις

430 πένθεια τλησικάρδιος δόμων έκάστου πρέπει. πολλά γοῦν θιγγάνει πρὸς ἦπαρ · οῦς μὲν γάρ τις ἔπεμψεν οῖδεν, ἀντὶ δὲ φωτῶν

435 τεύχη καὶ σποδὸς εἰς ἐκάστου δόμους ἀφικνεῖται.

ό χρυσαμοιβός δ' *Αρης σωμάτων Str. 3 καὶ ταλαντοῦχος ἐν μάχη δορὸς
440 πυρωθὲν ἐξ 'Ιλίου φίλοισι πέμπει βαρὺ ψῆγμα δυσδάκρυτον, ἀντήνορος σποδοῦ γεμίζων λέβητας εὐθέτου.

445 στένουσι δ' εὖ λέγοντες ἄνδρα τὸν μὲν ὡς μάχης ἴδρις, τὸν δ' ἐν φοναῖς καλῶς πεσόντ' ἀλλοτρίας διαὶ γυναικός. τὰ δὲ σῖγά τις βαΰ450 is creeping upon the avenging sons of Atreus.

And there are others who there before the wall in goodly form fill tombs of Trojan earth, and a hostile land has buried its possessors.

And the speech of the citizens is heavy with wrath; it acts, the part of a curse ratified by the people. But my anxious heart is waiting to hear something still wrapped in night; for the Gods are ever observant of those who have slain many, and the dark Furies in time bring to obscurity him who is fortunate without justice, when his fortunes are reversed in the wear of life; and after he has once passed among the unseen, no help can reach him. It is dangerous for men to have too great glory, for a thunderbolt from Zeus is hurled into their eyes. I prefer unenvied prosperity. May I not be a destroyer of cities, nor may I ever see myself living as a captive in the hands of others.

By this signal fire with its good tidings a swift report has spread through the city; but who knows whether it is true, or whether it is not some divine falsehood? Who is so childish or so stricken in mind, that, inflamed in heart by the fresh announcement of a signal fire, he must afterwards suffer when the report is changed? It is like a woman's rule to approve

Ant. 3

Epode

450 ζει. φθονερον δ' ὑπ' ἄλγος ἔρπει προδίκοις 'Ατρείδαις. οἱ δ' αὐτοῦ περὶ τεῖχος θήκας 'Ιλιάδος γᾶς

455 εύμορφοι κατέχουσιν · έχθρὰ δ' έχοντας ἔκρυψεν.

βαρεία δ' ἀστῶν φάτις ξὺν κότω · δημοκράντου δ' ἀρᾶς τίνει χρέος. μένει δ' ἀκοῦσαί τί μου

460 μέριμνα νυκτηρεφές.

τῶν πολυκτόνων γὰρ οὐκ ἄσκοποι θεοί. κελαιναὶ δ' Ἐρινύες χρόνω

τυχηρὸν ὄντ' ἄνευ δίκας παλιντυχῆ

465 τριβᾶ βίου τιθεῖσ' ἀμαυρόν, ἐν δ' ἀΐστοις τελέθοντος οὖτις ἀλκά · τὸ δ' ὑπερκότως κλύειν

εὖ βαρύ · βάλλεται γὰρ ὄσσοις

470 Διόθεν κεραυνός.
κρίνω δ' ἄφθονον ὅλβον.
μήτ' εἴην πτολιπόρθης
μήτ' οὖν αὐτὸς ἁλοὺς ὑπ' ἄλλων βίον κατίδοιμι.

475 πυρὸς δ' ὑπ' εὐαγγέλου
πόλιν διήκει θοὰ
βάξις · εἰ δ' ἐτήτυμος,
τίς οἶδεν, ἤ τοι θεῖόν ἐστι μὴ ψύθος.
τίς ὧδε παιδνὸς ἢ φρενῶν κεκομμένος,
480 φλογὸς παραγγέλμασιν

4∞ φλογος παραγγελμασιν νέοις πυρωθέντα καρδίαν ἔπειτ' a thanksgiving before the fact is known. The female sex ranges too credulous, quick in resources; but by a speedy death perishes glory which is woman-heralded.

CHORUS LEADER

We shall quickly know of this succession of light-bearing torches and signal fires and flame, 490 whether they are truthful, or whether this pleasant light has come like a dream to deceive our minds. Here I see a herald coming from the shore, shaded by boughs of olives; and the thirsty dust, twin sister of the mud, testifies to me this, that not without voice, and not by kindling a flame of mountain forests will he tell his story by the smoke of fire; but either by plain speech he will bid us rejoice the more, — the opposite of this I shrink from uttering. I pray only that a good soo sequel may come to that which has begun so well. Whoever prays that this may be otherwise to our state, may he reap the fruits of the folly of his mind.

HERALD

Hail, paternal soil of this land of Argos! In the light of this tenth year have I come, with many hopes blasted, successful in but one; for I never thought that I should die in this Argive land, and here have the right of burial most dear to me. Now hail, O land; hail, light of

άλλαγα λόγου καμείν;
γυναικός αίχμα πρέπει
πρό τοῦ φανέντος χάριν ξυναινέσαι.
πιθανὸς ἄγαν ὁ θῆλυς ὅρος ἐπινέμεται
ταχύπορος · ἀλλὰ ταχύμορον
γυναικογήρυτον ὅλλυται κλέος.

485

τάχ' εἰσόμεσθα λαμπάδων φαεσφόρων φρυκτωριών τε καὶ πυρὸς παραλλαγάς, 490 είτ' οὖν ἀληθείς είτ' ὀνειράτων δίκην τερπνον τόδ' έλθον φως έφήλωσεν φρένας. κήρυκ' ἀπ' ἀκτῆς τόνδ' ὁρῶ κατάσκιον κλάδοις έλαίας · μαρτυρεί δέ μοι κάσις πηλοῦ ξύνουρος διψία κόνις τάδε, 495 ώς οὖτ' ἄναυδος οὖτε σοι δαίων φλόγα ΄ ύλης ὀρείας σημανεί καπνώ πυρός, άλλ' ή τὸ χαίρειν μαλλον ἐκβάξει λέγων,τὸν ἀντίον δὲ τοῖσδ' ἀποστέργω λόγον. εδ γὰρ πρὸς εδ φανεῖσι προσθήκη πέλοι. 500 όστις τάδ' άλλως τηδ' ἐπεύχεται πόλει, αὐτὸς φρενῶν καρποῖτο τὴν άμαρτίαν.

KHPYE

ιω πατρώον οὖδας 'Αργείας χθονός, δεκάτω σε φέγγει τώδ' ἀφικόμην ἔτους, 505 πολλων ράγεισων ἐλπίδων μιας τυχών. οὐ γάρ ποτ' ηὖχουν τῆδ' ἐν 'Αργεία χθονὶ θανων μεθέξειν φιλτάτου τάφου μέρος. νῦν χαῖρε μὲν χθών, χαῖρε δ' ἡλίου φάος,

the sun; hail, Zeus, lord of the land; hail, thou Pythian king, mayest thou no longer send upon 510 us darts from thy bow. Sufficiently hostile didst thou show thyself by the Scamander; but now again be our saviour and our healer, king Apollo. And I pray all the Gods of the marketplace, and my protector Hermes, the beloved herald, whom all heralds honor, and the heroes who sent us forth, that again with friendly hearts they may welcome home the army which the spear has spared. / Hail, palace of the king, beloved roofs, and high-honored seats, and Gods who face the rising sun, if ever of old, now 520 with those gleaming eyes receive in honor our king after this long lapse of time. For he has come, bringing light in the night to you and to all these together, - king Agamemnon. And reverence him well, for it is his due, now that he has levelled Troy with the spade of avenging Zeus, with which he has dug over the plain. And the altars and the shrines of the Gods have disappeared, and the seed has perished from the whole land. Having thrown such a yoke over the neck of Troy, king Atreides, 530 revered happy man, has now come home; and he is the most worthy to be honored of all mortals who live. For neither Paris nor the city which was his partner now boasts the deed more than the suffering. For cast in a suit for rapine and theft, Paris has lost his prize. and has utterly destroyed his ancestral house and the land on which it stood: and the sons of Priam have paid a double forfeit.

ύπατός τε χώρας Ζεύς, ὁ Πύθιός τ' ἄναξ. τόξοις ιάπτων μηκέτ' είς ήμας βέλη. 510 άλις παρά Σκάμανδρον ήσθ' ἀνάρσιος. νῦν δ' αὖτε σωτὴρ ἴσθι καὶ παιώνιος. άναξ "Απολλον. τούς τ' άγωνίους θεούς πάντας προσαυδώ, τόν τ' έμον τιμάορον Ερμην, φίλον κήρυκα, κηρύκων σέβας, 515 ήρως τε τους πέμψαντας, εύμενεις πάλιν στρατὸν δέχεσθαι τὸν λελειμμένον δορός. ιω μέλαθρα βασιλέων, φίλαι στέγαι, σεμνοί τε θακοι, δαίμονές τ' αντήλιοι, εί που πάλαι, φαιδροίσι τοισίδ' όμμασι 520 δέξασθε κόσμω βασιλέα πολλώ χρόνω. ήκει γαρ ύμιν φως έν εύφρόνη φέρων καὶ τοῖσδ' ἄπασι κοινόν, 'Αγαμέμνων ἄναξ. άλλ' εὖ νιν ἀσπάσασθε, καὶ γὰρ οὖν πρέπει, Τροίαν κατασκάψαντα τοῦ δικηφόρου 525 Διὸς μακέλλη, τῆ κατείργασται πέδον. βωμοί δ' ἄϊστοι καὶ θεῶν ἱδρύματα, καὶ σπέρμα πάσης έξαπόλλυται χθονός. τοιόνδε Τροία περιβαλών ζευκτήριον αναξ 'Ατρείδης πρέσβυς εὐδαίμων ἀνὴρ 530 ήκει, τίεσθαι δ' άξιώτατος βροτῶν των νυν · Πάρις γὰρ οὖτε συντελής πόλις έξεύχεται τὸ δράμα τοῦ πάθους πλέον. όφλων γαρ άρπαγης τε καὶ κλοπης δίκην τοῦ ρυσίου θ' ημαρτε καὶ πανώλεθρον 535 αὐτόχθονον πατρώον ἔθρισεν δόμον.

διπλά δ' έτεισαν Πριαμίδαι θάμάρτια.

CHORUS LEADER

Hail, herald of the Achaeans from the army.

HERALD

I welcome your greetings, and I will no longer grudge my life to the Gods.

CHORUS LEADER

Was it love for this your fatherland that exercised you?

HERALD

Yes, so that my eyes wept with joy.

CHORUS LEADER

A pleasant disease this, with which you were taken.

HERALD

How is that? Only when instructed shall I master that saying.

CHORUS LEADER

You were smitten with love of those who loved you in turn.

HERALD

O, you mean that this land longed for the army which longed for it.

CHORUS LEADER

Yes, so that we lamented deeply from a sorrowing heart.

HERALD

Whence came this grief, of which the army hates to hear?

XOPO€

κῆρυξ 'Αχαιῶν χαῖρε τῶν ἀπὸ στρατοῦ.

KHPYE

χαίρω· τεθναναι δ' οὐκέτ' ἀντερῶ θεοῖς.

XOPO≤

540 ἔρως πατρώας τησ ε γης σ' ἐγύμνασεν;

KHPYE

ωστ' ἐνδακρύειν γ' ὄμμασιν χαρᾶς ὕπο.

XOPO≤

τερπυης ἄρ' ήτε τησδ' ἐπήβολοι νόσου.

KHPYE

πῶς δή; διδαχθεὶς τοῦδε δεσπόσω λόγου.

XOPO≷

τῶν ἀντερώντων ἱμέρφ πεπληγμένοι.

KHPYE

545 ποθείν ποθοῦντα τήνδε γῆν στρατὸν λέγεις.

XOPO₹

ώς πόλλ' άμαυρας έκ φρενός μ' άναστένειν.

KHPYE

πόθεν τὸ δύσφρον τοῦτ' ἐπῆν, στύγος στρατῷ;

CHORUS LEADER

Long ago have I found silence a cure for harm.

HERALD

But how? When the kings were absent did you have any to fear?

CHORUS LEADER

I repeat your own words: even to die had been great joy for us.

HERALD

Yes, it has been well done. Of these events in the long lapse of time, we may say that some have turned out well and others are blameworthy. But who except the Gods is ever free from woe through his whole lifetime? For should I tell of our toils and hard bivouacs, our scanty and hardbedded landings, but - what did we not have to lament, what did we not receive as our daily portion? And then again, when we reached the land, there was even greater horror; for our beds were before the very walls of the enemy, and the meadow-dews distilled from heaven and from the earth, a constant destruction to our garments, making our hair like that of beasts. And should I tell of the bird-slaying winter, what an unbearable one the snow of Ida brought us, or the heat, when the sea in its windless midday bed fell waveless to sleep; - but why lament all this? the labor is past; it is past indeed for those who have fallen

560

XOPO_₹

πάλαι τὸ σιγᾶν φάρμακον βλάβης ἔχω.

KHPYE

καὶ πῶς; ἀπόντων κοιράνων ἔτρεις τινάς;

XOPO_₹

550 ώς νῦν τὸ σὸν δή, καὶ θανείν πολλή χάρις.

KHPYE

εὖ γὰρ πέπρακται. ταῦτα δ' ἐν πολλῷ χρόνω τὰ μέν τις αν λέξειεν εὐπετῶς ἔχειν, τὰ δ' αὖτε κἀπίμομφα. τίς δὲ πλὴν θεῶν απαντ' απήμων τον δι' αίωνος χρόνον; μόχθους γὰρ εἰ λέγοιμι καὶ δυσαυλίας, 555 σπαρνάς παρήξεις καὶ κακοστρώτους, - τί δ' οὐ στένοντες οὐ λαχόντες ήματος μέρος; τὰ δ' αὖτε χέρσω, καὶ προσην πλέον στύγος. εύναὶ γὰρ ἦσαν δαΐων πρὸς τείχεσιν. έξ οὐρανοῦ δὲ κἀπὸ γῆς λειμώνιαι 560 δρόσοι κατεψάκαζον, έμπεδον σίνος έσθημάτων, τιθέντες ένθηρον τρίχα. χειμώνα δ' εί λέγοι τις οἰωνοκτόνον, οΐον παρείχ' ἄφερτον Ἰδαία χιών, ή θάλπος, εὖτε πόντος ἐν μεσημβριναῖς 565 κοίταις ἀκύμων νηνέμοις εύδοι πεσών. τί ταθτα πενθείν δεί; παροίχεται πόνος. παροίχεται δέ, τοῖσι μέν τεθνηκόσιν

570

so that they never even care to rise again. why should we take account of those who have perished, and why should the living grieve for adverse fortune? I think it right to bid a long farewell to calamities. And to us who remain of the Argive army the gain prevails, and woe does not weigh down the scale; for it is fitting for us thus to boast in presence of this light of the sun, as we flit over sea and land: "This Argive host has captured Troy, and has nailed up these spoils to the Gods throughout Greece to be an ancestral glory to their temples." When men hear things like these, they must glorify the city and the generals; and the grace of Zeus which has accomplished this shall be honored. You have my whole story.

CHORUS LEADER

I do not refuse to be overcome by your words; for it is always youthful for the aged to learn wisdom. But it is right that this should chiefly concern the palace and Clytaemnestra, but that it should also enrich me.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Long ago did I raise the song of joy, when the first fiery messenger came by night, announcing the capture and destruction of Ilion. And many a one chided me and said: "Persuaded by fire signals do you now believe that Troy has been sacked? Surely it is just like a woman to be

τὸ μήποτ' αὖθις μηδ' ἀναστῆναι μέλειν. τί τοὺς ἀναλωθέντας ἐν ψήφω λέγειν, τὸν ζωντα δ' ἀλγεῖν χρη τύχης παλιγκότου; καὶ πολλὰ χαίρειν συμφοραίς καταξιω. ήμιν δὲ τοις λοιποίσιν Αργείων στρατοῦ νικά τὸ κέρδος, πημα δ' οὐκ ἀντιρρέπει. ώς κομπάσαι τῶδ' εἰκὸς ἡλίου φάει 575 ύπερ θαλάσσης καὶ χθονὸς ποτωμένοις. "Τροίαν έλόντες δήποτ' Αργείων στόλος θεοίς λάφυρα ταῦτα τοίς καθ' Ἑλλάδα δόμοις ἐπασσάλευσαν ἀρχαῖον γάνος." τοιαῦτα χρη κλύοντας εὐλογεῖν πόλιν 580 καὶ τοὺς στρατηγούς καὶ χάρις τιμήσεται Διὸς τόδ' ἐκπράξασα. πάντ' ἔχεις λόγον.

XOPO≷

νικώμενος λόγοισιν οὐκ ἀναίνομαι. ἀεὶ γὰρ ἡβᾳ τοῖς γέρουσιν εὖ μαθεῖν. δόμοις δὲ ταῦτα καὶ Κλυταιμήστρᾳ μέλειν εἰκὸς μάλιστα, σὺν δὲ πλουτίζειν ἐμέ.

585

590

K∧YTAIMH<TPA

ἀνωλόλυξα μὲν πάλαι χαρᾶς ὕπο, ὅτ' ἦλθ' ὁ πρῶτος νύχιος ἄγγελος πυρός, φράζων ἄλωσιν Ἰλίου τ' ἀνάστασιν. καί τίς μ' ἐνίπτων εἶπε, " φρυκτωρῶν δία πεισθεῖσα Τροίαν νῦν πεπορθῆσθαι δοκεῖς; ἢ κάρτα πρὸς γυναικὸς αἴρεσθαι κέαρ."

thus elated in heart." When such things were said, I appeared like one crazed. But still I made my sacrifices; and by my woman's command now here, now there, throughout the city they raised the shout of joyous praise, as they lulled to sleep the fragrant sacrificial flame on the altars of the Gods. Now why need you tell me more? I shall soon have an account in full 6∞ from the king himself. But let me hasten to receive with the highest honor my revered husband on his return; for what light is more delightful to the eyes of a wife than this, - when God has brought her husband home safe from the army, to open the gates to him? Bear this message to my husband. Bid him come with all speed, beloved as he is by the city; and when he arrives, may he find his wife faithful in his house as indeed he left her, a noble watch-dog over his home, a foe to his enemies, and the same in all things else, 610 having broken no seal in this long lapse of time. Nor do I know pleasure nor even scandalous report regarding any other man any more than I know the dyeing of bronze. Such a boast, loaded with truth, is no disgrace for a noble woman to utter.

CHORUS LEADER

She has spoken her speech thus speciously to you, who have plain interpreters to make it clear. But tell me, herald, — I am asking of Menelaus, — whether he will accompany you and return safe home again, the beloved ruler of this land.

λόγοις τοιούτοις πλαγκτὸς οὖσ' ἐφαινόμην. δμως δ' έθυον, καὶ γυναικείω νόμω όλολυγμον άλλος άλλοθεν κατά πτόλιν 595 έλασκον εὐφημοῦντες, ἐν θεῶν ἔδραις θυηφάγον κοιμώντες εὐώδη φλόγα. καὶ νῦν τὰ μάσσω μὲν τί δεῖ σ' ἐμοὶ λέγειν; ανακτος αὐτοῦ πάντα πεύσομαι λόγον. όπως δ' ἄριστα τὸν ἐμὸν αἰδοῖον πόσιν σπεύσω πάλιν μολόντα δέξασθαι. τί γὰρ γυναικὶ τούτου φέγγος ήδιον δρακείν, ἀπὸ στρατείας ἀνδρὶ σώσαντος θεοῦ πύλας ἀνοίξαι; ταῦτ' ἀπάγγειλον πόσει. ήκειν όπως τάχιστ' έράσμιον πόλει. 605 γυναϊκα πιστην δ' έν δόμοις εύροι μολών οἴανπερ οὖν ἔλειπε, δωμάτων κύνα έσθλην έκείνω, πολεμίαν τοις δύσφροσιν, καὶ τάλλ' ὁμοίαν πάντα, σημαντήριον ούδεν διαφθείρασαν έν μήκει χρόνου. 610 οὐδ' οἶδα τέρψιν οὐδ' ἐπίψογον φάτιν άλλου πρὸς ἀνδρὸς μᾶλλον ἡ χαλκοῦ βαφάς. τοιόσδ' ὁ κόμπος τῆς ἀληθείας γέμων ούκ αίσχρὸς ώς γυναικί γενναία λακείν.

XOPO\$

615 αὔτη μὲν οὕτως εἶπε μανθάνοντί σοι τοροῖσιν έρμηνεῦσιν εὐπρεπῶς λόγον. σὰ δ' εἰπέ, κῆρυξ, Μενέλεων δὲ πεύθομαι, εἰ νόστιμός τε καὶ σεσωσμένος πάλω ηξει σὰν ὑμῖν, τῆσδε γῆς φίλον κράτος.

ΑGAMENNON—4

HERALD

It is not possible for me to tell pleasant false-620 hoods, for my friends to reap the fruit after a long time.

CHORUS LEADER

But how can you chance to tell us what is both good and true? These two when separated are not easily concealed.

HERALD

The man has disappeared from the Achaean hosts, — himself and his ship. I tell you no false story now.

CHORUS LEADER

Did you see him sail away alone from Ilion; or did a storm, a common grief, snatch him from your host on the way?

HERALD

You have hit the mark like a skilful archer, and have briefly told a long tale of woe.

CHORUS LEADER

630 Was he spoken of by the other sailors as living or dead?

HERALD

No one knows enough to report it truly, except the Sun who nourishes the life of the earth.

KHPYE

620 οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως λέξαιμι τὰ ψευδῆ καλὰ ἐς τὸν πολὺν φίλοισι καρποῦσθαι χρόνον.

XOPO€

πῶς δητ' ἄν εἰπὼν κεδνὰ τὰληθη τύχοις; σχισθέντα δ' οὐκ εὔκρυπτα γίγνεται τάδε.

KHPYE

άνηρ ἄφαντος έξ 'Αχαιικοῦ στρατοῦ, 625 αὐτός τε καὶ τὸ πλοῖον. οὐ ψευδῆ λέγω.

XOPO₹

πότερον ἀναχθεὶς ἐμφανῶς ἐξ Ἰλίου, ἢ χεῖμα, κοινὸν ἄχθος, ἥρπασε στρατοῦ;

KHPYE

ἔκυρσας ὤστε τοξότης ἄκρος σκοποῦ· μακρὸν δὲ πῆμα συντόμως ἐφημίσω.

XOPO≤

630 πότερα γὰρ αὐτοῦ ζῶντος ἢ τεθνηκότος φάτις πρὸς ἄλλων ναυτίλων ἐκλήζετο;

KHPYE

οὐκ οἶδεν οὐδεὶς ὥστ' ἀπαγγεῖλαι τορῶς, πλὴν τοῦ τρέφοντος Ἡλίου χθονὸς φύσιν.

CHORUS LEADER

How do you say that this storm began and ended for the naval host through the wrath of the Gods?

HERALD

It is not right to pollute a joyous day by a tongue that bears evil tidings. The honor due the Gods forbids. But when a messenger with sad countenance brings to a city a woful tale of a fallen army, - of one public wound for the whole state to feel, and of many men dragged to the sacrifice from many homes by the double scourge which Ares is wont to wield, calamity armed with double lance, a fatal pair, - when he comes loaded down with woes like these, it becomes him to sing this paean of the Furies. But when a messenger of good tidings comes to a city rejoicing in good fortune, - but how can I mix the good with the evil, in telling of this storm which befell the Greeks not without wrath from the Gods? For the fire and the sea, greatest enemies of old, conspired, and gave 650 pledges to destroy the ill-fated host of the Argives. And by night arose the perils of the stormy waves. For the Thracian blasts dashed the ships upon one another; and they, violently gored by the whirlwind's storm with the sealashed surge, disappeared, whirled out of sight by the evil shepherd. And when the bright

XOPO €

πῶς γὰρ λέγεις χειμῶνα ναυτικῷ στρατῷ 635 ἐλθεῖν τελευτῆσαί τε δαιμόνων κότῳ;

640

650

655

KHPYE

εύφημον ήμαρ οὐ πρέπει κακαγγέλω γλώσση μιαίνειν · χωρίς ή τιμή θεών. όταν δ' ἀπευκτὰ πήματ' ἄγγελος πόλει στυγνώ προσώπω πτωσίμου στρατού φέρη, πόλει μεν έλκος εν το δήμιον τυχείν, πολλούς δὲ πολλών έξαγισθέντας δόμων ανδρας διπλη μάστιγι, την Αρης φιλεί, δίλογχον άτην, φοινίαν ξυνωρίδα. τοιωνδε μέντοι πημάτων σεσαγμένον πρέπει λέγειν παιᾶνα τόνδ' 'Ερινύων. σωτηρίων δὲ πραγμάτων εὐάγγελον ήκοντα πρὸς χαίρουσαν εὐεστοῖ πόλιν, πῶς κεδυὰ τοῖς κακοῖσι συμμείξω, λέγων χειμων' 'Αχαιων οὐκ ἀμήνιτον θεοίς; ξυνώμοσαν γάρ, ὄντες ἔχθιστοι τὸ πρίν, πυρ καὶ θάλασσα, καὶ τὰ πίστ' ἐδειξάτην φθείροντε τὸν δύστηνον 'Αργείων στρατόν. έν νυκτί δυσκύμαντα δ' ώρώρει κακά. ναθς γάρ πρός άλλήλαισι Θρήκιαι πνοαί ήρεικον αίδε κεροτυπούμεναι βία χειμώνι τυφώ σύν ζάλη τ' όμβροκτύπω, ἄχοντ' ἄφαντοι, ποιμένος κακοῦ στρόβφ.

έπει δ' ἀνηλθε λαμπρον ήλίου φάος,

light of the sun came, we saw the Aegean 660 blossoming with corpses of Achaean men and with wrecks of ships. And as to ourselves, it was some God (no man) who took the helm, and stole or begged us off, with our ship's hull uninjured. And Fortune as a willing saviour sat upon our ship, so that she should neither take in the surging wave at anchorage, nor be dashed upon a rock-bound coast. And afterwards, having escaped a watery grave, in the bright day, not yet trusting our fortune, we brooded in our thoughts over our new calamity, 670 on the sufferings of our army, most wretchedly destroyed. And now if any of them still breathe, they speak of us as dead. Why should they not? We believe that this has been their fate. But may it be for the best. At least, first and above all expect the return of Menelaus; for, if any ray of the sun now finds him alive and well, through the help of Zeus who is not yet ready utterly to annihilate our race, there is still hope that he will come back to his home. When you 680 have heard all this, know that you have the truth.

CHORUS

Who was it who once named her with such perfect truth? — was it perhaps some one whom we do not see, in foreknowledge of what was

όρωμεν ἀνθοῦν πέλαγος Αἰγαῖον νεκροῖς άνδρων 'Αχαιών ναυτικοίς τ' έρειπίοις. 660 ήμας γε μεν δή ναθν τ' άκήρατον σκάφος ήτοι τις έξέκλεψεν ή 'ξητήσατο θεός τις, οὐκ ἄνθρωπος, οἴακος θιγών. τύχη δὲ σωτὴρ ναῦν θελοῦσ' ἐφέζετο, ώς μήτ' ἐν ὄρμφ κύματος ζάλην ἔχειν 665 μήτ' έξοκείλαι πρὸς κραταίλεων χθόνα. έπειτα δ' ἄδην πόντιον πεφευγότες, λευκὸν κατ' ήμαρ, οὐ πεποιθότες τύχη, έβουκολοῦμεν φροντίσιν νέον πάθος, στρατοῦ καμόντος καὶ κακῶς σποδουμένου. 670 καὶ νῦν ἐκείνων εἴ τις ἐστὶν ἐμπνέων, λέγουσιν ήμας ώς όλωλότας, τί μή; ήμεις τ' έκείνους ταὖτ' ἔχειν δοξάζομεν. γένοιτο δ' ώς ἄριστα. Μενέλεων γὰρ οὖν πρωτόν τε καὶ μάλιστα προσδόκα μολείν. 675 εί δ' οὖν τις ἀκτὶς ἡλίου νιν ἱστορεῖ χλωρόν τε καὶ βλέποντα, μηχαναῖς Διός, ούπω θέλοντος έξαναλώσαι γένος, έλπίς τις αὐτὸν πρὸς δόμους ήξειν πάλιν. τοσαῦτ' ἀκούσας ἴσθι τάληθη κλύων. 680

XOPO≶

τίς ποτ' ἀνόμαζεν ὧδ' ἐς τὸ πᾶν ἐτητύμως; μή τις ὅντιν' οὐχ ὁρῶμεν προνοίαισι τοῦ πεπρωμένου

Str. I

fated, guiding the tongue in fortune?—her the spear-wedded, much fought-for Helen? For being in very truth the destroyer of ships, the destroyer of men, the destroyer of cities, she sailed forth from the rich curtains of her home, driven by the breath of the giant west wind. And hosts of spear-bearing huntsmen followed in their track, after they had plied their oars out of sight to the leafy banks of the Simois, there to rouse bloody strife.

But wrath which works its vengeance brought to Ilion a κῆδος (marriage or woe), rightly so named, late in time exacting the penalty for the dishonor of hospitality and of hospitable Zeus from those who loudly applauded the nuptial song, which it then fell to the brethren of Paris to sing. But Priam's venerable city is learning a new song, and utters a loud cry of grievous woe, now calling Paris the accursedly wedded,—

* * * * *

005	γκωσσαν εν τυχά νεμών;	
	τὰν δορίγαμβρον άμφινει-	
	κη θ' Ελέναν; ἐπεὶ πρεπόντως	
	έλέναυς, έλανδρος, έλέπτολις,	
690	ἐ κ τῶν ἁβροτίμων	
	προκαλυμμάτων ἔπλευσε	
	ζεφύρου γίγαντος αὔρα,	
	πολύανδροί τε φεράσπιδες	
695	κυναγοί κατ' ἴχνος, πλάταν ἄφαντον	
	κελσάντων Σιμόεντος	
	ἀκτὰς ἐπ' ἀεξιφύλλους	
	δι' ἔριν αίματόεσσαν.	
	'Ιλίφ δὲ κῆδος ὀρ-	Ant. I
700	θώνυμον τελεσσίφρων	
	μηνις ήλασεν, τραπέ-	
	ζας ἀτίμωσιν ὑστέρῳ χρόνῳ	
	καὶ ξυνεστίου Διὸς	
705	πρασσομένα τὸ νυμφότι-	
	μον μέλος ἐκφάτως τίοντας,	
	ύμέναιον, δς τότ' ἐπέρρεπεν	
	γαμβροῖσιν ἀείδειν.	
	μεταμανθάνουσα δ' ὔμνον	
710	Πριάμου πόλις γεραιὰ	
	πολύθρηνον μέγα που στένει	
	κικλήσκουσα Πάριν τὸν αἰνόλεκτρον,	

† παμπρόσθη πολύθρηνον

αἰῶν' ἀμφὶ πολιτᾶν μέλεον αἷμ' ἀνατλᾶσα.†

715

So did a man once rear in his house a savage lion, taken unweaned from its mother's breast. In its young life he was gentle, friendly to the children and a joy to the old; and he was often in their arms, like a new-born babe, with eyes brightening towards the friendly hand, and fawning in its need of food.

But after a time he showed the primal nature of his race; for, as thanks for his nurture, by destruction of slaughtered sheep he unbidden prepared a banquet; and the house was stained with blood, a hopeless grief to the servants, a mighty murderous mischief. And now it was seen that a priest of Ate had by God's behest been reared within the house.

In like manner, I should say, there came to the city of Ilion (in Helen) a spirit of unruffled calm, a gentle ornament of wealth, a soft glance of the eye, a soul-consuming flower of love. But soon

ἔθρεψεν δὲ λέοντα
σίνιν δόμοις ἀγάλακτον
οὕτως ἀνὴρ φιλόμαστον,
το βιότου προτελείοις αμερον, εὐφιλόπαιδα
καὶ γεραροῖς ἐπίχαρτον.
πολέα δ' ἔσκ' ἐν ἀγκάλαις
νεοτρόφου τέκνου δίκαν,
φαιδρωπὸς ποτὶ χεῖρα σαίνων τε γάστρος ἀνάγκαις.

Str. 2

χρονισθείς δ' ἀπέδειξεν ἔθος τὸ πρόσθε τοκήων. χάριν τροφας γὰρ ἀμείβων μηλοφόνοισιν ἐν ἄταις δαῖτ' ἀκέλευστος ἔτευξεν · αἴματι δ' οἶκος ἐφύρθη, ἄμαχον ἄλγος οἰκέταις μέγα σίνος πολύκτονον. ἐκ θεοῦ δ' ἱερεύς τις ἄ- ΄ τας δόμοις προσεθρέφθη. Ant. 2

πάραυτα δ' ἐλθεῖν ἐς Ἰλίου πόλιν λέγοιμ' ἃν φρόνημα μὲν νηνέμου γαλάνας, ἀκασκαῖόν τ' ἄγαλμα πλούτου, μαλθακὸν ὀμμάτων βελος, δηξίθυμον ἔρωτος ἄνθος.

Str. 3

740

730

735

she darted from her course and brought to pass the bitter ends of her marriage, settled with them for woe, befriended with them for woe, rushing upon the sons of Priam, under the guidance of hospitable Zeus, as an avenging Fury which brides bewail. 750 There is a venerable saying, uttered of old among mortals, that man's high fortune, when it is matured, bears offspring, and dies not childless; but that from good fortune there springs by descent insatiate woe. But apart from others I am of my own mind. It is the impious deed 76c that afterwards begets children which are like their race, while the fate of righteous houses is always blessed in its offspring. One ancient outrage is wont from time to time, when the fated moment comes, to beget a new outrage, sporting wantonly in the calamities of men, ... until at last it breeds the divinity against which none can fight and none can war, the unholy audacity of Ate, who brings darkness into houses, like to her parents. But Justice shines in smoky houses,

- 745 παρακλίνασ' ἐπέκρανεν δὲ γάμου πικρὰς τελευτάς, δύσεδρος καὶ δυσόμιλος συμένα Πριαμίδαισιν, πομπῷ Διὸς ξενίου, νυμφόκλαυτος 'Ερινύς.
- 750 παλαίφατος δ' ἐν βροτοῖς γέρων λόγος Απt. 3 τέτυκται, μέγαν τελε- σθέντα φωτὸς ὅλβον τεκνοῦσθαι μηδ' ἄπαιδα θνήσκειν,
- 755 ἐκ δ' ἀγαθᾶς τύχας γένει
 βλαστάνειν ἀκόρεστον οἰζύν.
 δίχα δ' ἄλλων μονόφρων εἰμί · τὸ δυσσεβὲς γὰρ
 ἔργον
 μετὰ μὲν πλείονα τίκτει,
- 760 σφετέρα δ' εἰκότα γέννα, οἴκων δ' ἄρ' εὐθυδίκων καλλίπαις πότμος ἀεί.

φιλεῖ δὲ τίκτειν ὕβρις μὲν παλαιὰ νεά-

Str. 4

- ζουσαν έν κακοῖς βροτῶν
 ὕβριν τότ' ἢ τόθ', ὅτε τὸ κύριον μόλῃ
 †νεαρὰ φάους κότον,†
 δαίμονά τε τὰν ἄμαχον, ἀπόλεμον, ἀνίερον
 770 θράσος μελαίνας μελάθροισιν "Ατας,
 - Δίκα δὲ λάμπει μὲν ἐν δυσκάπνοις δώμασιν,

είδομέναν τοκεύσιν.

Ant. 4

and honors the righteous life; but gilded abodes where hands are unclean she leaves with averted eyes, and comes to pious homes, having no reverence for the power of wealth which is falsely stamped with praise; and she guides everything to its destined end.

Hail, O king, destroyer of Troy, son of Atreus, how shall I address thee, how shall I honor thee, without rising above or falling below the proper meed of thy praise? Many mortals honor the mere semblance of being, transgressing justice; and every one is ready to lament with the unfortunate, though no sting of grief comes to his heart; and men rejoice with counterfeit joy, straining their unsmiling faces. But whoever is a good judge of his flock, can never mistake the eyes which seem to greet from a friendly heart, but only fawn with watery friendship. So then, when thou didst lead forth thy army to avenge 800 Helen (I will not conceal it from thee), thou wert. very unfavorably depicted, as not guiding well the helm of thy thoughts, as inspiring with willing courage men who were doomed to death. But

775 τον δ' ἐναίσιμον τίει [βίον].
τὰ χρυσόπαστα δ' ἔδεθλα σὺν πίνῳ χερῶν
παλιντρόποις
ὄμμασι λιποῦσ', ὅσια προσέμολε, δύναμιν οὐ

780 σέβουσα πλούτου παράσημον αἴνφ · πᾶν δ' ἐπὶ τέρμα νωμᾶ.

ἄγε δή, βασιλεῦ, Τροίας πτολίπορθ, ᾿Ατρέως γένεθλον,

785 πῶς σε προσείπω; πῶς σε σεβίζω μήθ' ὑπεράρας μήθ' ὑποκάμψας καιρὸν χάριτος; πολλοὶ δὲ βροτῶν τὸ δοκεῖν εἶναι προτίουσι δίκην παραβάντες.

790 τῷ δυσπραγοῦντι δ' ἐπιστενάχειν πᾶς τις ἔτοιμος · δῆγμα δὲ λύπης οὐδὲν ἐφ' ἦπαρ προσικνεῖται · καὶ ξυγχαίρουσιν ὁμοιοπρεπεῖς ἀγέλαστα πρόσωπα βιαζόμενοι.

795 ὅστις δ' ἀγαθὸς προβατογνώμων,
οὐκ ἔστι λαθεῖν ὅμματα φωτός,
τὰ δοκοῦντ' εὕφρονος ἐκ διανοίας
ὑδαρεῖ σαίνειν φιλότητι.
σὺ δέ μοι τότε μὲν στέλλων στρατιὰν

800 Έλένης ἔνεκ', οὐ γάρ σ' ἐπικεύσω, κάρτ' ἀπομούσως ἦσθα γεγραμμένος, οὐδ' εὖ πραπίδων οἴακα νέμων θάρσος ἑκούσιον ἀνδράσι θνήσκουσι κομίζων. now from the depths of my heart, and not without friendship, do I say that labor is joyous to those who have finished it well. And thou wilt learn in time by inquiry who of the citizens justly, and who wrongly, directs the state.

AGAMEMNON

First it is right for me to address Argos, and 810 the Gods of the land who have helped me in my return and in the justice which I exacted from the city of Priam; for the Gods, hearing the cause pleaded (but not by the tongue), cast their votes without dissent into the bloody urn for the murderous destruction of Ilion. And Hope approached the other urn, which no hand had filled. The captured city is even now conspicuous 820 by its smoke. The blasts of calamity still live; but the ashes of the city, as they die with them, send forth rich blasts of wealth. For all this we must pay ever memorable honor to the Gods; for we drew our nets exceeding high, and to avenge a woman the Argive monster levelled the city with the dust, the offspring of a horse, a spear-bearing host, which sprung its leap as the Pleiads were setting; and the savage lion, leaping over the towers, lapped its fill of tyrants' blood. All this prelude have I uttered to the Gods. 830 to your friendly spirit, I remember what I have

805 νῦν δ' οὐκ ἀπ' ἄκρας φρενὸς οὐδ' ἀφίλως εὖφρων πόνος εὖ τελέσασι. γνώσει δὲ χρόνῳ διαπευθόμενος τόν τε δικαίως καὶ τὸν ἀκαίρως πόλιν οἰκουροῦντα πολιτῶν.

ΑΓΑΜΕΜΝΩΝ

πρώτον μεν "Αργος καὶ θεούς έγχωρίους 810 δίκη προσειπείν, τους έμοι μεταιτίους νόστου δικαίων θ' ὧν ἐπραξάμην πόλιν Πριάμου · δίκας γὰρ οὐκ ἀπὸ γλώσσης θεοὶ κλύοντες άνδροθνητας Ίλίου φθοράς είς αίματηρον τεύχος οὐ διχορρόπως 815 ψήφους έθεντο · τῷ δ' ἐναντίω κύτει έλπὶς προσήει χειρὸς οὐ πληρουμένω. καπνώ δ' άλοῦσα νῦν ἔτ' εὖσημος πόλις. άτης θύελλαι ζώσι · συνθνήσκουσα δέ σποδός προπέμπει πίονας πλούτου πνοάς. 820 τούτων θεοίσι χρή πολύμνηστον χάριν τίνειν, ἐπείπερ καὶ πάγας ὑπερκότους έπραξάμεσθα, καὶ γυναικὸς οὖνεκα πόλιν διημάθυνεν 'Αργείον δάκος, ίππου νεοσσός, ἀσπιδηφόρος λεώς, 825 πήδημ' όρούσας άμφὶ Πλειάδων δύσιν. ύπερθορών δὲ πύργον ὤμηστὴς λέων άδην έλειξεν αίματος τυραννικού. θεοίς μεν έξέτεινα φροίμιον τόδε.

830 τὰ δ' ἐς τὸ σὸν φρόνημα μέμνημαι κλύων ΑGAMEMNON — 5

heard; for I say the same, and you have me as your advocate. For there are few men to whom this is native born, to honor a friend who is fortunate without jealousy. For hateful poison sits at the heart, and doubles the grief to him who is infected with the disease: he is himself weighed down by his own afflictions, and when he sees the prosperity of another, he laments. I can speak from knowledge; for I know full well men who are a mere mirror of friendship, a shadow of a shade, men who seem to be very kindly disposed to me. But Ulysses alone, though he sailed with me against his will, was always by my side as a ready trace-horse, - whether I am speaking of him living or dead. As to other matters, regarding the state and the Gods, we will hold public assemblies and consult about them in full council; and what is well, we will take council that it may long abide; but for whatever needs healing remedies, either by cautery or by friendly surgery we will try to 850 avert the harm of the disease. And now I must pass into my house and to the hearthstone of my home; and first let me give my thanks to the Gods, who sent me forth and now have brought me home again. And since victory has followed me, may it abide forever.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Citizens, old men of Argos who are present, I will not be ashamed to speak to you of my ways

καὶ φημὶ ταὐτὰ καὶ συνήγορόν μ' ἔχεις. παύροις γαρ ἀνδρων ἐστι συγγενες τόδε, φίλον τὸν εὐτυχοῦντ' ἄνευ φθόνου σέβειν. δύσφρων γὰρ ἰὸς καρδίαν προσήμενος άχθος διπλοίζει τῷ πεπαμένω νόσον: 835 τοις τ' αὐτὸς αύτοῦ πήμασιν βαρύνεται καὶ τὸν θυραῖον ὅλβον εἰσορῶν στένει. είδως λέγοιμ' αν, εὖ γὰρ ἐξεπίσταμαι όμιλίας κάτοπτρον, είδωλον σκιάς, δοκούντας είναι κάρτα πρευμενείς έμοί. 840 μόνος δ' 'Οδυσσεύς, όσπερ οὐχ έκὼν ἔπλει, ζευχθείς έτοιμος ήν έμοι σειραφόρος. είτ' οὖν θανόντος είτε καὶ ζῶντος πέρι λέγω. τὰ δ' ἄλλα πρὸς πόλιν τε καὶ θεοὺς κοινούς άγωνας θέντες έν πανηγύρει 845 βουλευσόμεσθα. καὶ τὸ μὲν καλῶς ἔχον όπως χρονίζον εθ μενεί βουλευτέον. ότω δὲ καὶ δεῖ φαρμάκων παιωνίων, ήτοι κέαντες ή τεμόντες εὐφρόνως πειρασόμεσθα πημ' ἀποστρέψαι νόσου. 850 νῦν δ' ἐς μέλαθρα καὶ δόμους ἐφεστίους έλθων θεοίσι πρώτα δεξιώσομαι, οίπερ πρόσω πέμψαντες ήγαγον πάλιν. νίκη δ' ἐπείπερ ἔσπετ', ἐμπέδως μένοι.

K∧YTAIMH<TPA

855 ἄνδρες πολίται, πρέσβος ᾿Αργείων τόδε, οὐκ αἰσχυνοῦμαι τοὺς φιλάνωρας τρόπους

of affection to my husband; in time timidity dies out in mortals. Not having learned from others, I will tell you of my own wretched life during the whole time while he was absent at Troy. In the first place, it is a terrible evil for a wife to sit deserted in her home without her husband, hearing many adverse reports, and for one man to come with ill news and then for another to bring in a tale of woe worse than the first and proclaim it to the house. And if this man had been wounded as often as the reports came running into our house, I must say that he has as many wounds in him as a net has holes. And if he had perished as often as the reports made out, why then like a second three-bodied Geryon, he might boast of having received many a triple coverlet of earth, - all above ground (I have nothing to say of any below), - having died once in each of his three forms. In consequence of such adverse rumors many a time have others had to loosen forcibly halters from my neck, suspended to a beam above. Owing to this our son is not here by my side, the lord of my and thy affections, Orestes. Do not be surprised at this, for a friendly ally is protecting him, Strophius of Phocis, who warned me of the twofold dangers which threatened us, first, of thy danger at Troy, and then again, in case anarchy shall be proclaimed by the people and overthrow thy council, as it is natural to mortals to trample all the more upon one who has fallen.

λέξαι προς ύμας · ἐν χρόνω δ' ἀποφθίνει τὸ τάρβος ἀνθρώποισιν. οὐκ ἄλλων πάρα μαθοῦσ', ἐμαυτῆς δύσφορον λέξω βίον τοσόνδ' όσονπερ οδτος ήν ύπ' Ἰλίω. 860 τὸ μὲν γυναῖκα πρῶτον ἄρσενος δίγα ήσθαι δόμοις έρημον έκπαγλον κακόν, πολλάς κλύουσαν κληδόνας παλιγκότους. καὶ τὸν μὲν ἥκειν, τὸν δ' ἐπεσφέρειν κακοῦ κάκιον ἄλλο πημα, λάσκοντας δόμοις. 865 καὶ τραυμάτων μὲν εἰ τόσων ἐτύγχανεν άνηρ όδ, ώς πρός οίκον ώχετεύετο φάτις, τέτρωται δικτύου πλέον λέγειν. εὶ δ' ἦν τεθνηκώς, ὡς ἐπλήθυον λόγοι, τρισώματός τἃν Γηρυων ὁ δεύτερος 870 πολλην ἄνωθεν - την κάτω γὰρ οὐ λέγω χθονός τρίμοιρον χλαίναν έξηύχει λαβών, άπαξ έκάστω κατθανών μορφώματι. τοιῶνδ' ἔκατι κληδόνων παλιγκότων πολλάς ἄνωθεν ἀρτάνας ἐμῆς δέρης 875 έλυσαν άλλοι πρός βίαν λελημμένης. έκ τωνδέ τοι παις ένθάδ' οὐ παραστατεί, έμων τε καὶ σων κύριος πιστευμάτων, ώς χρην, 'Ορέστης · μηδέ θαυμάσης τόδε. τρέφει γάρ αὐτὸν εὐμενης δορύξενος 880 Στρόφιος ὁ Φωκεύς, ἀμφίλεκτα πήματα έμοι προφωνών, τόν θ' ὑπ' Ἰλίφ σέθεν κίνδυνον, εί τε δημόθρους άναρχία βουλήν καταρρίψειεν, ώστε σύγγονον βροτοίσι τὸν πεσόντα λακτίσαι πλέον. 885

This excuse of mine has no deceit in it. For me now the gushing fountains of my tears are dry;

there is not a drop left in them.

And I have suffered in my late-watching eyes, always bewailing the fire signals which were to bring news of thee, but were always neglected; and in my dreams I was constantly awakened by the gentle buzzing of the humming gnat, seeing more calamities befall thee than the time I was sleeping could have held. Now, having endured all this, with heart free from sorrow, I can address this man as the watch-dog of the fold, as the mainstay that saves the ship, as the firmly fixed pillar of a lofty roof, as an only born child to a father, and as land seen by sailors when all hope was lost, as a day most beautiful to behold after a storm, as the stream of a fountain to a thirsty wayfarer. It is delightful to escape all necessity. With such words do I think it right to address him. But let all jealousy be Many are the woes we have endured hitherto; but now, dear one, dismount from thy chariot, but do not touch to the ground that foot of thine, O king, which has trampled upon Ilion. Servants, why do you delay, you to whom has been given the duty of spreading embroideries over the path on which he is to walk? Let there immediately be made a way spread with purple into a house he little hoped to enter, as Justice shall guide him. And all else my care, not overcome by sleep, will arrange justly with God's help according to fate.

τοιάδε μέντοι σκήψις οὐ δόλον φέρει. έμοιγε μεν δή κλαυμάτων έπίσσυτοι πηγαὶ κατεσβήκασιν, οὐδ' ἔνι σταγών. έν όψικοίτοις δ' όμμασι βλάβας έχω τὰς ἀμφί σοι κλάουσα λαμπτηρουχίας 890 άτημελήτους αίέν. έν δ' ονείρασι λεπταις ύπαι κώνωπος έξηγειρόμην ριπαίσι θωύσσοντος, αμφί σοι πάθη δρῶσα πλείω τοῦ ξυνεύδοντος χρόνου. νῦν ταῦτα πάντα τλᾶσ' ἀπενθήτω φρενὶ λέγοιμ' αν ανδρα τόνδε των σταθμων κύνα, σωτήρα ναὸς πρότονον, ύψηλης στέγης στῦλον ποδήρη, μονογενές τέκνον πατρί, καὶ γῆν φανείσαν ναυτίλοις παρ' ἐλπίδα, κάλλιστον ήμαρ είσιδεῖν ἐκ χείματος, όδοιπόρω διψώντι πηγαίον ρέος. τερπνον δε τάναγκαιον εκφυγείν απαν. τοιοίσδέ τοί νιν άξιῶ προσφθέγμασιν. φθόνος δ' ἀπέστω· πολλὰ γὰρ τὰ πρὶν κακὰ ήνειχόμεσθα. νῦν δέ μοι, φίλον κάρα, έκβαιν' ἀπήνης τησδε, μη χαμαί τιθείς τὸν σὸν πόδ', ὧναξ, Ἰλίου πορθήτορα. δμωαί, τί μελλεθ', αξς ἐπέσταλται τέλος πέδον κελεύθου στορνύναι πετάσμασιν; εὐθὺς γενέσθω πορφυρόστρωτος πόρος ές δωμ' ἄελπτον ώς αν ήγηται δίκη. τὰ δ' ἄλλα φροντὶς οὐχ ὕπνω νικωμένη θήσει δικαίως σὺν θεοῖς εἰμαρμένα. Τάττ

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AGAMEMNON

Offspring of Leda, guardian of my house, thou hast made a speech which was becoming to my long absence, for thou hast spoken at length; but to be praised justly, that is a boon that ought to come from others. Moreover, do not treat me effeminately as if I were a woman; and do not, like a barbarian, open thy mouth to utter a cringing cry; and do not make my way odious by strewing it with costly robes. With these we should honor the Gods; but for one who is a mortal to walk on these beauties of embroidery is to my mind by no means without its terrors. I beg thee to honor me like a man, not like a God. Without foot-mats and embroideries Fame makes herself heard; and not to be evil-minded is the greatest gift of the Gods. When a man has ended his life in fair prosperity, we may call him happy. If I can fare in all things as I have done now, I have good courage.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Now do not say this to thwart my purpose.

AGAMEMNON

Purpose? Understand that I am not going to let my purpose be thwarted.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Couldst thou perhaps have promised the Gods in some moment of terror that thou wouldst act thus?

ΑΓΑΜΕΜΝΩΝ

Λήδας γένεθλον, δωμάτων έμων φύλαξ. απουσία μεν είπας είκότως έμη · 915 μακράν γάρ έξέτεινας · άλλ' έναισίμως αἰνεῖν, παρ' ἄλλων χρη τόδ' ἔρχεσθαι γέρας. καὶ τάλλα μὴ γυναικὸς ἐν τρόποις ἐμὲ άβρυνε, μηδέ βαρβάρου φωτὸς δίκην χαμαιπετές βόαμα προσχάνης έμοι, 920 μηδ' είμασι στρώσασ' ἐπίφθονον πόρον τίθει · θεούς τοι τοῖσδε τιμαλφεῖν χρεών · έν ποικίλοις δε θνητον όντα κάλλεσιν βαίνειν έμοι μεν οὐδαμῶς ἄνευ φόβου. λέγω κατ' ἄνδρα, μη θεόν, σέβειν ἐμέ. 925 χωρίς ποδοψήστρων τε καὶ τῶν ποικίλων κληδών άϋτεί · καὶ τὸ μὴ κακῶς φρονείν θεοῦ μέγιστον δώρον. ὀλβίσαι δὲ χρή βίον τελευτήσαντ' έν εὐεστοί φιλη. 930 εἰ πάντα δ' ὡς πράσσοιμ' ἄν, εὐθαρσὴς ἐγώ.

K∧YTAIMH≼TPA

καὶ μὴν τόδ' εἰπὲ μὴ παρὰ γνώμην ἐμοί.

ΑΓΑΜΕΜΝΩΝ

γνώμην μεν ίσθι μη διαφθεροῦντ' έμέ.

K∧YTAIMH≷TPA

ηὖξω θεοῖς δείσας ἃν ὧδ' ἔρδειν τάδε;

AGAMEMNON

I uttered this determination, if ever a man did, knowing well what I was doing.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

What dost thou think Priam would have done if he had accomplished all this?

AGAMEMNON

Oh, I think he would have walked on the embroideries.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Do not now pay so much regard to the censure of men.

AGAMEMNON

But a voice uttered by the people has mighty power.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

The man who is unenvied is not a man to be envied.

AGAMEMNON

It is not a woman's way to be so eager for a quarrel.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

But it becomes men in high prosperity even to submit to conquest.

AGAMEMNON

Is that the kind of conquest that thou holdest in honor?

ΑΓΑΜΕΜΝΩΝ

εἴπερ τις, εἰδώς γ' εὖ τόδ' ἐξεῖπον τέλος.

K∧YTAIMH<TPA

935 τί δ' ἃν δοκεῖ σοι Πρίαμος, εἰ τάδ' ἤνυσεν ;

ΑΓΑΜΕΜΝΩΝ

έν ποικίλοις αν κάρτα μοι βήναι δοκεί.

K∧YTAIMH≷TPA

μή νυν τὸν ἀνθρώπειον αἰδεσθῆς ψόγον.

ΑΓΑΜΕΜΝΩΝ

φήμη γε μέντοι δημόθρους μέγα σθένει.

K∧YTAIMH≷TPA

ό δ' ἀφθόνητός γ' οὐκ ἐπίζηλος πέλει.

ΑΓΑΜΕΜΝΩΝ

940 οὔτοι γυναικός ἐστιν ἱμείρειν μάχης.

K∧YTAIMH≷TPA

τοῖς δ' ὀλβίοις γε καὶ τὸ νικᾶσθαι πρέπει.

ΑΓΑΜΕΜΝΩΝ

η καὶ σὺ νίκην τήνδε δήριος τίεις;

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Obey me. Be willing to let me have my way.

AGAMEMNON

Well, if this is what thou dost wish, let some one quickly loose the slavish sandals on which my feet tread; and while I walk on these purple robes, let no jealousy from the eye of any of the Gods strike me from afar. For I feel much shame at my effeminacy in trampling under foot this wealth and these costly webs. So much for this. But take in kindly this foreign woman. God looks from afar with kindness on the gentle conqueror, for no one willingly wears the yoke of slavery. But she, the chosen flower of much wealth, the gift of the army, has accompanied me. Well, since I am compelled to obey thee in this, I will pass beneath my roof tree, treading upon purple.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

There is an ocean, — who shall drain it dry? — which affords ever afresh the plenteous juice of purple, precious as silver, to dye our robes; and the house, with God's blessing, O king, is well supplied with this; this palace knows no poverty. Indeed I would have vowed the trampling of many robes, had this been offered to our house in oracles when I was devising votive gifts for the safety of

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K∧YTAIMH<TPA

πιθοῦ · κράτος μέντοι πάρες γ' έκων έμοί.

ΑΓΑΜΕΜΝΩΝ

άλλ' εί δοκεί σοι ταθθ', ύπαί τις άρβύλας λύοι τάχος, πρόδουλον ἔμβασιν ποδός. 945 καὶ τοῖσδέ μ' ἐμβαίνονθ' ἁλουργέσιν θεῶν μή τις πρόσωθεν όμματος βάλοι φθόνος. πολλή γαρ αίδως σωματοφθορείν ποσίν Ο φθείροντα πλοῦτον ἀργυρωνήτους θ' ὑφάς. τούτων μεν ούτως · την ξένην δε πρευμενώς 950 τήνδ' ἐσκόμιζε · τὸν κρατοῦντα μαλθακῶς θεὸς πρόσωθεν εὐμενῶς προσδέρκεται. έκων γαρ οὐδεὶς δουλίω χρήται ζυγώ. αύτη δέ, πολλών χρημάτων έξαίρετον άνθος, στρατοῦ δώρημ', ἐμοὶ ξυνέσπετο. 955 έπεὶ δ' ἀκούειν σοῦ κατέστραμμαι τάδε, εἷμ' ἐς δόμων μέλαθρα πορφύρας πατῶν.

K∧YTAIMH<TPA

ἔστιν θάλασσα, τίς δέ νιν κατασβέσει; τρέφουσα πολλης πορφύρας ἰσάργυρον κηκίδα παγκαίνιστον, εἰμάτων βαφάς. οἶκος δ' ὑπάρχει τῶνδε σὺν θεοῖς, ἄναξ, ἔχειν · πένεσθαι δ' οὐκ ἐπίσταται δόμος. πολλῶν πατησμὸν δ' εἰμάτων ἃν ηὐξάμην, δόμοισι προυνεχθέντος ἐν χρηστηρίοις,

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980

this soul. For while the root remains, foliage spreads over the house, spreading its shade against the fierceness of the dog-star. So when thou hast returned to thy house and home, thou art like warmth appearing in winter; and when Zeus is maturing the wine from the unripe grape, then it is like refreshing cool in the house when the lord and master walks through his home. O Zeus, Zeus who dost accomplish all, bring my prayers to pass; and mayest thou have a care for what thou art about to work.

CHORUS

Why does this flitting phantom continually hover before my foreboding heart; and why does my song become prophetic, unbidden and unrewarded? And why do I not spurn all this like indistinguishable dreams, and let confident courage sit on the dear throne of my soul?

-when the naval host set forth for Troy.

And now I learn of their return with my own eyes, being myself a witness. But my heart within me, self-taught, nevertheless sings the Furies' lyreless dirge, not having at all the dear

965 ψυχῆς κόμιστρα τῆσδε μηχανωμένη.
ρίζης γὰρ οὖσης φυλλὰς ἵκετ' ἐς δόμους,
σκιὰν ὑπερτείνασα σειρίου κυνός.
καὶ σοῦ μολόντος δωματῖτιν ἐστίαν,
θάλπος μὲν ἐν χειμῶνι σημαίνεις μολόν ·
970 ὅταν δὲ τεύχη Ζεὺς ἀπ' ὅμφακος πικρᾶς
οἶνον, τότ' ἤδη ψῦχος ἐν δόμοις πέλει,
ἀνδρὸς τελείου δῶμ' ἐπιστρωφωμένου.
Ζεῦ Ζεῦ τέλειε, τὰς ἐμὰς εὐχὰς τέλει ·
μέλοι δέ τοι σοὶ τῶνπερ ἄν μέλλης τελεῖν.

XOPO≷

975 τίπτε μοι τόδ' ἐμπέδως
δεῖγμα προστατήριον
καρδίας τερασκόπου ποτᾶται,
μαντιπολεῖ δ' ἀκέλευστος ἄμισθος ἀοιδά,
980 οὐδ' ἀποπτύσας δίκαν
δυσκρίτων ὀνειράτων
θάρσος εὐπιθὲς ἴζει
φρενὸς φίλον θρόνον; † χρόνος δ' ἐπεὶ
πρυμνησίων ξυνεμβολαῖς
985 ψαμμίας ἀκάτα παρήβησεν,† εὖθ' ὑπ' *Ιλιον
ὧρτο ναυβάτας στρατός.

πεύθομαι δ' ἀπ' ὀμμάτων νόστον, αὐτόμαρτυς ὧν· 990 τὸν δ' ἄνευ λύρας ὅμως ὑμνῳδεῖ θρῆνον Ἐρινύος αὐτοδίδακτος ἔσωθεν Str. 1

Ant. I

confidence of hope. And my inward parts do not divine in vain, as my heart is whirled by fatal currents upon my justly foreboding breast. But I pray that, contrary to my forebodings, it may 1000 all prove false, so as never to be accomplished.

The limits of great prosperity are ever insatiate; for disease is always pressing as a next-door neighbor, and the fate of man in its onward course often strikes a hidden reef. Then the reluctant master casts away a part of his rich cargo, and by a moderate sacrifice saves his whole house from falling, though weighed down too deeply with woe, and his ship from sinking; and the bountiful gifts, which come in abundance from Zeus and from the harvests of the next year, ward off the disease of famine.

But when the life-blood of a man has once fallen to the ground, who by any charms can recall it? Otherwise Zeus never would, by way of caution, have checked him who rightly knew

θυμός, οὐ τὸ πᾶν ἔχων
ἐλπίδος φίλον θράσος.
σπλάγχνα δ' οὖτι ματάζει
πρὸς ἐνδίκοις φρεσὶν τελεσφόροις
δίναις κυκλούμενον κέαρ.
εὖχομαι δ' ἐξ ἐμᾶς ἐλπίδος ψύθη πεσεῖν
ἐς τὸ μὴ τελεσφόρον.

μάλα γε τοι τὸ μεγάλας ὑγιίας ἀκόρεστον τέρμα. νόσος γὰρ ἀεὶ γείτων ὁμότοιχος ἐρείδει, καὶ πότμος εὐθυπορῶν

Str. 2

ἀνδρὸς ἔπαισεν ἄφαντον ἔρμα.

καὶ τὸ μὲν πρὸ χρημάτων

κτησίων ὅκνος βαλῶν

1010 σφενδόνας ἀπ' εὐμέτρου,

οὐκ ἔδυ πρόπας δόμος

πημονᾶς γέμων ἄγαν,

οὐδ' ἐπόντισε σκάφος.

1015 πολλά τοι δόσις ἐκ Διὸς ἀμ
φιλαφής τε καὶ ἐξ ἀλόκων ἐπετειᾶν

νῆστιν ὥλεσεν νόσον.

τὸ δ' ἐπὶ γᾶν πεσὸν ἄπαξ θανάσιμον προπάροιθ' ἀνδρὸς μέλαν αἷμα τίς ἃν πάλιν ἀγκαλέσαιτ' ἐπαείδων; οὐδὲ τὸν ὀρθοδαῆ τῶν φθιμένων ἀνάγειν

Ant. 2

1020

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1005

how to raise the dead. But did I not feel that one fate fixed by the Gods might prevent another fate from gaining more than its right, my heart would anticipate my tongue and pour forth all 1030 that it could say; but as it is, it moans in darkness, sorely grieved, and having no hope that it will ever unravel anything that is timely, while my soul burns within me.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Take yourself in too,—I mean you, Cassandra,—since Zeus has ordained, not in wrath, that you should be a sharer in the holy water of this house, standing with many slaves near the household altar. Dismount from that chariot, to40 do not be too proud; for they say that once even the son of Alcmene endured to be sold and to eat the bread of slavery. If now the necessity of this fortune should fall to one's lot, it is a great boon to have masters of ancient wealth; but they who have reaped a rich harvest they never hoped for are savage to their slaves in every way, even beyond measure. You have what you may expect from us.

CHORUS LEADER

It is a plain speech which she has just spoken to thee. Since thou art now within the meshes of fate, thou canst obey if thou seest fit; perhaps thou mayest please to disobey.

Ζεὺς ἄν ἔπαυσεν ἐπ' εὐλαβεία.

1025 εἰ δὲ μὴ τεταγμένα

μοῖρα μοῖραν ἐκ θεῶν

εἶργε μὴ πλέον φέρειν,

προφθάσασα καρδία

γλῶσσαν ἄν τάδ' ἐξέχει.

1030 νῦν δ' ὑπὸ σκότῳ βρέμει

θυμαλγής τε καὶ οὐδὲν ἐπελπομένα ποτὲ καίριον ἐκτολυπεύσειν,

ζωπυρουμένας φρενός.

KAYTAIMH≤TPA

1035 εἴσω κομίζου καὶ σύ, Κασάνδραν λέγω, ἐπεί σ' ἔθηκε Ζεὺς ἀμηνίτως δόμοις κοινωνὸν εἶναι χερνίβων, πολλῶν μετὰ δούλων σταθεῖσαν κτησίου βωμοῦ πέλας · ἔκβαιν' ἀπήνης τῆσδε, μηδ' ὑπερφρόνει.
1040 καὶ παῖδα γάρ τοι φασὶν 'Αλκμήνης ποτὲ πραθέντα τλῆναι δουλίας μάζης τυχεῖν. εἰ δ' οὖν ἀνάγκη τῆσδ' ἐπιρρέποι τύχης, ἀρχαιοπλούτων δεσποτῶν πολλὴ χάρις. οὰ δ' οὖποτ' ἐλπίσαντες ἤμησαν καλῶς, ἀμοί τε δούλοις πάντα καὶ παρὰ στάθμην. ἔχεις παρ' ἡμῶν οἶάπερ νομίζεται.

XOPO\$

σοί τοι λέγουσα παύεται σαφή λόγον. έντὸς δ' ἃν οὖσα μορσίμων ἀγρευμάτων πείθοι' ἄν, εἰ πείθοι' · ἀπειθοίης δ' ἴσως.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

some unknown barbarian tongue, then speaking within her apprehension I must persuade her by my words.

CHORUS LEADER

Follow her. She gives thee the best advice thou canst have. Obey her and leave this seat in the chariot.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

I have no leisure to wait here at the gate; for the victims now stand ready for the sacrifice of fire at the central hearth, for us who never expected to have this joy. If you will do anything that I tell you, make no delay; but if you do not understand me and take in my words, then speak with your barbarian hand instead of your voice.

CHORUS LEADER

The strange woman seems to need a skilful interpreter; but her manner is like that of a newly captured beast.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Surely she is mad and listens to evil thoughts, she who has left the newly captured city and come hither; but she knows not how to endure the bit until she has foamed away her strength in blood. I, however, will not disgrace myself by wasting more words on her.

K∧YTAIMH<TPA

1050 άλλ' εἴπερ ἐστὶ μὴ χελιδόνος δίκην ἀγνῶτα φωνὴν βάρβαρον κεκτημένη, ἔσω φρενῶν λέγουσα πείθω νιν λόγω.

XOPO €

έπου. τὰ λῷστα τῶν παρεστώτων λέγει. πιθοῦ λιποῦσα τόνδ' ἀμαξήρη θρόνον.

K∧YTAIMH≲TPA

1055 οὖτοι θυραίαν τῆδ' ἐμοὶ σχολὴ πάρα
τρίβειν· τὰ μὲν γὰρ ἐστίας μεσομφάλου
ἔστηκεν ἤδη μῆλα πρὸς σφαγὰς πυρός,
ώς οὖποτ' ἐλπίσασι τήνδ' ἔξειν χάριν.
σὰ δ' εἴ τι δράσεις τῶνδε, μὴ σχολὴν τίθει.
1060 εἰ δ' ἀξυνήμων οὖσα μὴ δέχει λόγον,
σὰ δ' ἀντὶ φωνῆς φράζε καρβάνω χερί.

XOPO≨

έρμηνέως ἔοικεν ἡ ξένη τοροῦ δεῖσθαι· τρόπος δὲ θηρὸς ὡς νεαιρέτου.

K∧YTAIMH<TPA

η μαίνεταί γε καὶ κακῶν κλύει φρενῶν,

1065 ἤτις λιποῦσα μὲν πόλιν νεαίρετον

ἤκει, χαλινὸν δ' οὐκ ἐπίσταται φέρειν,

πρὶν αἰματηρὸν ἐξαφρίζεσθαι μένος.

οὐ μὴν πλέω ῥίψασ' ἀτιμασθήσομαι.

CHORUS LEADER

I pity thee and will not be angry. Go, wretched 1070 one; leave the chariot, yield to this necessity. and bow thy neck beneath the new yoke.

CASSANDRA

Oh, woe is me! Alas! Alas! Oh, Apollo! Oh, Apollo!

CHORUS LEADER

Why hast thou uttered these shrieks to Loxias? It is not for him to hearken to a mourner's wailing.

CASSANDRA

Oh, woe is me! Alas! Alas! Oh, Apollo! Oh, Apollo!

CHORUS LEADER

She in her ill-spoken words calls upon the God who must not be present at lamentations.

CASSANDRA

Apollo, Apollo! God of streets, my Apollo! Thou hast ruined me utterly for the second time.

CHORUS LEADER

She seems to be about to prophesy of her own coming woes; the divine spirit remains even in her enslaved mind.

XOPO\$

ενω δ', ἐποικτίρω γάρ, οὐ θυμώσομαι. τοτο ἔθ', ὧ τάλαινα, τόνδ' ἐρημώσασ' ὅχον, εἴκουσ' ἀνάγκη τῆδε καίνισον ζυγόν.

KA≶AN∆PA

ότοτοτοι ποποί δα. ὧπολλον ὧπολλον.

Str. 1

XOPO≨

τί ταῦτ' ἀνωτότυξας ἀμφὶ Λοξίου; οὐ γὰρ τοιοῦτος ὥστε θρηνητοῦ τυχεῖν.

KAZANAPA

ότοτοτοι ποποί δâ. ὧπολλον ὧπολλον.

1075

1080

Ant. I

XOPO₹

ή δ' αὖτε δυσφημοῦσα τὸν θεὸν καλεῖ οὐδὲν προσήκοντ' ἐν γόοις παραστατεῖν.

KA≷AN∆PA

"Απολλον "Απολλον ἀγυιᾶτ' ἀπόλλων ἐμός. ἀπώλεσας γὰρ οὐ μόλις τὸ δεύτερον.

Str. 2

XOPO€

χρήσειν ἔοικεν ἀμφὶ τῶν αὕτῆς κακῶν. μένει τὸ θεῖον δουλία περ ἐν φρενί.

CASSANDRA

Apollo, Apollo! God of streets, my Apollo! Ah, whither hast thou brought me? To what roof?

CHORUS LEADER

To the Atreidae's roof; if thou dost not know that, I can tell thee. This thou wilt not say is false.

CASSANDRA

Nay, a god-detested roof, conscious of many things; here are horrors of kindred slaughter, here are nooses, a human slaughter-house, and a floor reeking with blood.

CHORUS LEADER

The strange woman seems to be quick-scented, like a dog; and she is searching for those whose murder she can trace out.

CASSANDRA

Yes, for I am persuaded by these testimonies. Look at those children bewailing their own slaughter and their roasted flesh which their father has tasted!

CHORUS LEADER

In truth we had heard of thy prophetic fame; but we want no prophets here.

Ant. 2

KA≷AN∆PA

1085 *Απολλον *Απολλον ἀγυιᾶτ' ἀπόλλων ἐμός. ἆ ποῖ ποτ' ἤγαγές με; πρὸς ποίαν στέγην;

XOPO≷

πρὸς τὴν ᾿Ατρειδῶν· εἰ σὰ μὴ τόδ᾽ ἐννοεῖς, ἐγὰ λέγω σοι· καὶ τάδ᾽ οἰκ ἐρεῖς ψύθη.

KA SANAPA

1090 μισόθεον μὲν οὖν, πολλὰ συνίστορα·
 αὐτοφόνα κακὰ καὶ ἀρτάναι,
 ἀνδροσφαγεῖον καὶ πεδορραντήριον.

Str. 3

XOPO≷

έοικεν εὖρις ή ξένη κυνὸς δίκην εἶναι, ματεύει δ' ὧν ἀνευρήσει φόνον.

KA≶AN∆PA

1095 μαρτυρίοισι γὰρ τοῖσδ' ἐπιπείθομαι· κλαιόμενα τάδε βρέφη σφαγὰς ὀπτάς τε σάρκας πρὸς πατρὸς βεβρωμένας. Ant. 3

XOPO≤

η μην κλέος σοῦ μαντικὸν πεπυσμένοι ημεν, προφήτας δ' οὕτινας ματεύομεν.

CASSANDRA

Oh woe is me! What is she plotting? What is this new great grief, this mighty evil that she is plotting in this house, unbearable for friends, hopeless?—and all help stands afar.

CHORUS LEADER

I do not understand these divinations; but the others I understood: the whole city rings with them.

CASSANDRA

Alas, wretched woman; what! wilt thou do this deed? having welcomed thy wedded husband with the bath, — how can I tell the end? But it will quickly come; and she extends one hand after another.

CHORUS LEADER

I have not yet understood; after thy riddles I am perplexed by thy dim divinations.

CASSANDRA

Ah, alas, alas! What is this that I see? Is it a net of Hades? The net is the wife, the accomplice in murder. Now let the insatiate band utter a shriek over this race for a sacrifice that merits stoning.

KA\ANDPA

1100 ἰὼ πόποι, τί ποτε μήδεται;
τί τόδε νέον ἄχος μέγα
μέγ' ἐν δόμοισι τοῖσδε μήδεται κακὸν
ἄφερτον φίλοισιν, δυσίατον; ἀλκὰ δ'
ἐκὰς ἀποστατεῖ.

Str. 4

XOPO€

1105 τούτων ἄϊδρίς εἰμι τῶν μαντευμάτων. ἐκείνα δ' ἔγνων· πᾶσα γὰρ πόλις βοậ.

KA≲AN∆PA

ιὼ τάλαινα, τόδε γὰρ τελεῖς,
Απt. 4
τὸν ὁμοδέμνιον πόσιν
λουτροῖσι φαιδρύνασα — πῶς φράσω τέλος;
τάχος γὰρ τόδ' ἔσται· προτείνει δὲ χεῖρ' ἐκ
χερὸς ὀρεγομένα.

XOPO€

οὖπω ξυνῆκα· νῦν γὰρ ἐξ αἰνιγμάτων ἐπαργέμοισι θεσφάτοις ἀμηχανῶ.

KA≷AN∆PA

ἐή, παπαῖ παπαῖ, τί τόδε φαίνεται;
 τὶ ἢ δίκτυόν τι Ἄιδου;
 ἀλλ' ἄρκυς ἡ ξύνευνος, ἡ ξυναιτία
 φόνου. στάσις δ' ἀκόρετος γένει
 κατολολυξάτω θύματος λευσίμου.

Str. 5

CHORUS LEADER

What is this avenging Fury that thou dost summon to raise her cry over this house? Thy words do not delight me. The drop of saffron blood rushes back to my heart; . . . and misfortune strides apace.

CASSANDRA

Ah, look there! look there! Protect the bull from the cow! Having entangled her black-horned victim in the robes by stratagem, she smites him, and he falls in the urn of water. It is the fortune of a murderously deceitful caldron that I am telling you.

CHORUS LEADER

I cannot boast to be a skilled interpreter of oracles; but this bodes some calamity. But what good word ever comes to mortals from oracles? For through a course of evils their wordy arts bring men to know oracular fear.

CASSANDRA

Alas, alas, the wretched fortunes of me miserable! Now I speak of my own affliction, pouring this into the cup of woe. To what end didst thou bring me, wretched one, hither? For nothing except to die with thee. For what else?

XOPO₹

ποίαν Ἐρινὺν τήνδε δώμασιν κέλει

1120 ἐπορθιάζειν; οὖ με φαιδρύνει λόγος.
ἐπὶ δὲ καρδίαν ἔδραμε κροκοβαφὴς

σταγών, †ἄτε καιρία πτώσιμος
ξυνανύτει βίου δύντος αὐγαῖς.†

ταχεῖα δ᾽ ἄτα πέλει.

KA≷AN∆PA

1125 ἀᾶ, ἰδοὺ ἰδού· ἄπεχε τᾶς βοὸς
τὸν ταῦρον· ἐν πέπλοισι
μελαγκέρων λαβοῦσα μηχανήματι
τύπτει· πίτνει δ' ἐν ἐνύδρῳ κύτει.
δολοφόνου λέβητος τύχαν σοι λέγω.

Ant. 5

XOPO€

1130 οὐ κομπάσαιμ' ἃν θεσφάτων γνώμων ἄκρος εἶναι, κακῷ δέ τῷ προσεικάζω τάδε. ἀπὸ δὲ θεσφάτων τίς ἀγαθὰ φάτις βροτοῖς τέλλεται; κακῶν γὰρ διαὶ στελλεται πολυεπεῖς τέχναι θεσπιῷδὸν
1135 φόβον φέρουσιν μαθεῖν.

KA≷AN∆PA

ιω ιω ταλαίνας κακόποτμοι τύχαι το γαρ έμον θροω πάθος έπεγχεασα.
ποι δή με δευρο την τάλαιναν ήγαγες;
οὐδέν ποτ' εἰ μη ξυνθανουμένην. τί γάρ;

Str. 6

CHORUS LEADER

Thou art distracted by divine madness, and about thyself thou dost utter an unmelodious song; as some tawny nightingale insatiate of wailing, alas, from her wretched soul with a cry of "Itys, Itys," bewails her life which is blossoming with sorrows.

CASSANDRA

Oh, alas for the fate of the clear-voiced nightingale! For the Gods have given her a winged body and a sweet life without weeping; but there awaits me to be cleft by the two-edged sword.

CHORUS LEADER

Whence come these vain pangs that rush upon thee through some divine power? Why dost thou strike these terrible notes with illomened cries, and likewise in shrillest strains? Why dost thou keep to these ill-boding ways of the prophetic road?

CASSANDRA

Alas for the nuptials of Paris, destructive to his friends! Alas for the Scamander, from which my fathers drank! Once as a child I 1160 was reared upon thy banks; but now on the banks of Cocytus and of Acheron I seem likely soon to sing my prophetic song.

XOPO€

1140 φρενομανής τις εἶ θεοφόρητος, ἀμφὶ δ' αὐτᾶς θροεῖς νόμον ἄνομον, οῗά τις ξουθὰ ἀκόρετος βοᾶς, φεῦ, ταλαίναις φρεσὶν Ττυν Ττυν στένουσ' ἀμφιθαλῆ κακοῖς
1145 ἀηδὼν βίον.

KA≶AN∆PA

ιὰ ιὰ λιγείας μόρον ἀηδόνος ·
περέβαλον γάρ οἱ πτεροφόρον δέμας θεοὶ γλυκύν τ' αἰῶνα κλαυμάτων ἄτερ ·
ἐμοὶ δὲ μίμνει σχισμὸς ἀμφήκει δορί.

Ant. 6

XOPO\$

1150 πόθεν ἐπισσύτους θεοφόρους τ' ἔχεις ματαίους δύας, τὰ δ' ἐπίφοβα δυσφάτω κλαγγᾳ μελοτυπεῖς ὁμοῦ τ' ὀρθίοις ἐν νόμοις; πόθεν ὄρους ἔχεις θεσπεσίας ὁδοῦ 1155 κακορρήμονας;

KA≷AN∆PA

ιὰ γάμοι γάμοι Πάριδος ὀλέθριοι φίλων. Str. 7
ιὰ Σκαμάνδρου πάτριον ποτόν.
τότε μὲν ἀμφὶ σὰς ἀϊόνας τάλαιν'
ἠνυτόμαν τροφαίς.
1160 νῦν δ' ἀμφὶ Κωκυτόν τε κἀχερουσίους
ὄχθους ἔοικα θεσπιφδήσειν τάχα.

CHORUS LEADER

What is this too true word that thou hast uttered? Even a young child could understand this. But I am smitten with a deadly sting when through thy grievous fortune thou utterest thy tale of woe which it shatters me to hear.

CASSANDRA

Alas, alas, for my city, utterly destroyed! Alas for my father's sacrifice of many herds of 1170 grazing cattle to save his towers! But they afforded no help to save his city from suffering as it did; and I with my burning soul must soon fall to the ground. I shall som sted a warm floro Mobiole autil Troud CHORUS LEADER

Thou hast uttered this in accordance with what thou hast said before; and some God with thoughts of evil, descending upon thee with heavy weight, drives thee to sing of these grievous deadly sufferings. But I am helpless to divine the end.

CASSANDRA

My oracle shall no longer look forth from beneath her veil, like a newly wedded bride; 1180 but now it appears ready to burst forth with a clear blast to the rising sun, so that a woe much greater than this shall dash up like a wave into his rays. And I will teach you no longer

Ant. 7

XOPO€

τί τόδε τορον ἄγαν ἔπος ἐφημίσω; νεογνὸς ἀνθρώπων μάθοι. πέπληγμαι δ' ὑπαὶ δάκει φοινίω 1165 δυσαλγεῖ τύχα μινυρὰ θρεομένας, θραύματ' ἐμοὶ κλύειν.

KA ≤AN∆PA

ιω πόνοι πόνοι πόλεος όλομένας το παν.

ιω πρόπυργοι θυσίαι πατρος
πολυκανείς βοτων ποιονόμων άκος δ'

1170 οὐδὲν ἐπήρκεσαν
το μὴ πόλιν μὲν ὥσπερ οὖν ἔχει παθείν.
† ἐγω δὲ θερμόνους τάς' ἐν πέδω Βαλω.†

† έγὰ δὲ θερμόνους τάχ' ἐν πέδω βαλῶ.† Ιση Μονίν Ισου - Warm μου Ιση Μονίν Ισου ΧΟΡΟΣ

έπόμενα προτέροισι τάδ' έφημίσω. καί τίς σε κακοφρονῶν τίθη-1175 σι δαίμων ὑπερβαρὴς ἐμπίτνων μελίζειν πάθη γοερὰ θανατοφόρα. τέρμα δ' ἀμηχανῶ.

KA≷AN∆PA

καὶ μὴν ὁ χρησμὸς οὐκέτ' ἐκ καλυμμάτων ἔσται δεδορκὼς νεογάμου νύμφης δίκην · 1180 λαμπρὸς δ' ἔοικεν ἡλίου πρὸς ἀντολὰς πνέω, ἐσάξειν, ὥστε κύματος δίκην κλύζειν πρὸς αὐγὰς τοῦδε πήματος πολὺ ΑΓΑΜΕΜΝΟΝ — 7

by riddles. Bear witness to me as I closely scent the track of evils which have been wrought of old. There is a band that never leaves this roof, concordant, but not harmonious, for it speaks no good; and having drunk of human blood so as to be still more emboldened, this 1190 band of revellers abides in this house, hard to be expelled, this band of kindred Furies. And as they sit upon the roof tree they sing their song of the primeval curse; and in turn they spurn with loathing the brother's bed, hostile to him who defiled it. Am I wrong, or like a good archer do I hit my mark? Or am I a false prophet, a vagrant babbler? Bear witness on your oath that I know the story of the ancient crimes of this house.

CHORUS LEADER

How can an oath, a security firmly given, prove healing here? But I am surprised that 1200 thou, reared beyond the sea, dost chance to speak of this foreign city as if thou hadst always lived in it.

CASSANDRA

The prophet Apollo appointed me to this duty.

CHORUS LEADER

Can it be that the God was smitten with love of thee?

μείζον · φρενώσω δ' οὐκέτ' ἐξ αἰνιγμάτων.
καὶ μαρτυρεῖτε συνδρόμως ἴχνος κακῶν

1185 ρινηλατούση τῶν πάλαι πεπραγμένων.
τὴν γὰρ στέγην τήνδ' οὖποτ' ἐκλείπει χορὸς
σύμφθογγος οὖκ εὖφωνος · οὖ γὰρ εὖ λέγει.
καὶ μὴν πεπωκώς γ', ὡς θρασύνεσθαι πλέον,
βρότειον αἷμα κῶμος ἐν δόμοις μένει,

1190 δύσπεμπτος ἔξω, συγγόνων Ἐρινύων.
ὑμνοῦσι δ' ὕμνον δώμασιν προσήμεναι
πρώταρχον ἄτην · ἐν μέρει δ' ἀπέπτυσαν
εὐνὰς ἀδελφοῦ τῷ πατοῦντι δυσμενεῖς.
ἤμαρτον, ἡ θηρῶ τι τοξότης τις ὧς;
ἤ ψευδόμαντίς εἰμι θυροκόπος φλέδων;
ἐκμαρτύρησον προυμόσας τὸ μ' εἰδέναι
λόγω παλαιὰς τῶνδ' ἀμαρτίας δόμων.

XOPO≷

καὶ πῶς ἄν ὅρκος, πῆγμα γενναίως παγέν, παιώνιον γένοιτο; θαυμάζω δέ σε

1200 πόντου πέραν τραφείσαν ἀλλόθρουν πόλιν κυρεῖν λέγουσαν, ὥσπερ εἰ παρεστάτεις.

KA≼AN∆PA

μάντις μ' 'Απόλλων τῷδ' ἐπέστησεν τέλει.

XOPO≷

μῶν καὶ θεός περ ἱμέρῳ πεπληγμένος;

CASSANDRA

Once I was ashamed to speak of this.

CHORUS LEADER

Yes, every one when he is in prosperity is more delicate.

CASSANDRA

Yes, he was a suitor who breathed upon me with great favor.

CHORUS LEADER

Didst thou ever consent to bear children to him?

CASSANDRA

I assented to Loxias, but deceived him.

CHORUS LEADER

Wert thou already possessed of prophetic arts?

CASSANDRA

1210 I already predicted to my citizens all their sufferings.

CHORUS LEADER

Then how didst thou escape unpunished by the wrath of Loxias?

CASSANDRA

I could make no one believe anything, because I had done him this wrong.

KA≷AN∆PA

προτοῦ μὲν αἰδὼς ἢν ἐμοὶ λέγειν τάδε.

XOPO€

1205 άβρύνεται γὰρ πᾶς τις εὖ πράσσων πλέον.

KA≷AN∆PA

άλλ' ήν παλαιστής κάρτ' έμοι πνέων χάριν.

XOPO€

η καὶ τέκνων εἰς ἔργον ηλθέτην νόμω;

KA≷AN∆PA

ξυναινέσασα Λοξίαν έψευσάμην.

XOPO\$

ήδη τέχναισιν ένθέοις ήρημένη;

KA≷AN∆PA

1210 ήδη πολίταις πάντ' έθέσπιζον πάθη.

. XOPO≤

πῶς δῆτ' ἄνατος ἦσθα Λοξίου κότῳ ;

KA≷AN∆PA

ἔπειθον οὐδέν' οὐδέν, ὡς τάδ' ἤμπλακον.

CHORUS LEADER

Thou seemst to us at least to divine things that are credible.

CASSANDRA

Alas, alas ! Oh, woes! Oh, woes! Again the terrible suffering of true divination torments me by these bewildering preludes. Do you see those children sitting by the house, like to forms of dreams? There they are, children murdered as it were by their own friends, having 1220 their hands full of the meat of their own flesh, with their hearts and their inwards, a piteous load, of which their father has tasted! As punishment for this I say that a cowardly lion, lurking in his lair, is lying in wait to watch for my master on his return. I say "my master," for I now must bear the voke of slavery. And the commander of the ships and the destroyer of Ilion little knows what the tongue of this lewd beast has uttered, and what she has held forth with cheerful countenance, like a deceitful 1230 Ate, and what she will accomplish by evil fortune. So daring is she; the woman is the murderer of the man. By calling her what odious beast can I hit the mark? Can I call her an amphisbaena, or a Scylla dwelling in the rocks, the pest of sailors, raging mother of Death, breathing an implacable curse upon her friends? And how the audacious woman

XOPO₹

ήμιν γε μεν δή πιστα θεσπίζειν δοκείς.

KA\ANAPA

ιού ιού, το το κακά.

1215 ὑπ' αὖ με δεινὸς ὀρθομαντείας πόνος
στροβεῖ ταράσσων φροιμίοις ⟨δυσφροιμίοις⟩.
ὁρᾶτε τούσδε τοὺς δόμοις ἐφημένους προσθείτων νέους, ὀνείρων προσφερεῖς μορφώμασι;
παῖδες θανόντες ὡσπερεὶ πρὸς τῶν φίλων,

1220 χείρας κρεών πλήθοντες οἰκείας βοράς,
σὺν ἐντέροις τε σπλάγχν², ἐποίκτιστον γέμος,
πρέπουσ᾽ ἔχοντες, ὧν πατὴρ ἐγεύσατο.
ἐκ τῶνδε ποινάς φημι βουλεύειν τινὰ
λέοντ᾽ ἄναλκιν ἐν λέχει στρωφώμενον

1225 οἰκουρόν, οἴμοι, τῷ μολόντι δεσπότη έμῷ· φέρειν γὰρ χρὴ τὸ δούλιον ζυγόν· νεῶν τ' ἔπαρχος Ἰλίου τ' ἀναστάτης οὐκ οἶδεν οἷα γλῶσσα μισήτης κυνὸς λέξασα κἀκτείνασα φαιδρόνους, δίκην

1230 ἄτης λαθραίου, τεύξεται κακή τύχη.
τοιαθτα τολμά · θήλυς ἄρσενος φονεύς
ἐστιν. τί νιν καλοθσα δυσφιλές δάκος
τύχοιμ' ἄν ; ἀμφίσβαιναν, ἢ Σκύλλαν τινὰ
οἰκοθσαν ἐν πέτραισι, ναυτίλων βλάβην,

1235 θύουσαν "Αιδου μητέρ', ἄσπονδόν τ' ἀρὰν φίλοις πνέουσαν ; ὡς δ' ἐπωλολύξατο ἡ παντότολμος, ὥσπερ ἐν μάχης τροπῆ. exulted, as if in the turn of battle: and she seems to delight in his safe return. But it is all one whether I make you believe any of this 1240 or not. For why? The future will come; and soon shall you be present as a witness, and in your pity declare me to be only too true a prophetess.

CHORUS LEADER

The banquet of Thyestes on his children's flesh I know and have shuddered at; and fear possesses me when I hear thy tale told with no mere semblance of truth. But as to the rest, when I listen, I fall from my course and run wild.

CASSANDRA

I say that you are to behold the death of Agamemnon.

CHORUS LEADER

Oh, wretched woman, hush thy mouth in silence.

CASSANDRA

Ah, no God of healing attends this saying.

CHORUS LEADER

No, not if it is to be done; but may it not be done.

CASSANDRA

You make prayers, while they are concerned with murder.

CHORUS LEADER

By what man is this grief to be brought about?

δοκεί δε χαίρειν νοστίμω σωτηρία.
καὶ τῶνδ' ὅμοιον εἴ τι μὴ πείθω · τί γάρ ;
1240 τὸ μέλλον ἥξει. καὶ σὺ μ' ἐν τάχει παρὼν
ἄγαν ἀληθόμαντιν οἰκτίρας ἐρεῖς.

XOPO €

τὴν μὲν Θυέστου δαῖτα παιδείων κρεῶν ξυνῆκα καὶ πέφρικα, καὶ φόβος μ' ἔχει κλύοντ' ἀληθῶς οὐδὲν ἐξηκασμένα.

1245 τὰ δ' ἄλλ' ἀκούσας ἐκ δρόμου πεσὼν τρέχω.

KA SAN∆ PA

'Αγαμέμνονός σέ φημ' ἐπόψεσθαι μόρον.

XOPO≤

εύφημον, & τάλαινα, κοίμησον στόμα.

KA≷AN∆PA

άλλ' οὖτι παιὼν τῷδ' ἐπιστατεῖ λόγῳ.

XOPO₹

οὖκ, εἶπερ ἔσται γ'· ἀλλὰ μὴ γένοιτό πως.

KA≷AN∆PA

1250 σὺ μὲν κατεύχη, τοῖς δ' ἀποκτείνειν μέλει.

XOPO€

τίνος πρός ἀνδρὸς τοῦτ' ἄγος πορσύνεται ;

CASSANDRA

Surely you must have misapprehended my divinations.

CHORUS LEADER

For I have not understood the plan of him who is to execute it.

CASSANDRA

Yet I understand Greek speech only too well.

CHORUS LEADER

So do the Pythian oracles; but still they are hard to understand.

CASSANDRA

Alas! What is this fire! And it is coming upon me. Woe is me, Lyceian Apollo, woe is me. This two-footed lioness, bedded with the wolf, in the absence of the noble lion, is to slay me wretched; and like one mixing a potion, she will add to the cup of her wrath also a requital for me. And she boasts, as she is whetting her sword for her husband, that she will repay him with murder for bringing me hither. Why do I keep these things that merely bring laughter upon me, my wands and these prophetic fillets on my neck? Thee I will destroy before I meet my fate. Go ye down to destruction, and I will follow. Enrich some other pest instead of me. Behold, here is Apollo himself stripping me of my oracular robes, after

KA≤AN∆PA

η κάρτ' ἄρ' ἃν παρεσκόπεις χρησμῶν ἐμῶν.

XOPO_₹

τοῦ γὰρ τελοῦντος οὐ ξυνηκα μηχανήν.

. KA≲AN∆PA

καὶ μὴν ἄγαν γ' Ελλην' ἐπίσταμαι φάτιν.

XOPO₹

1255 καὶ γὰρ τὰ πυθόκραντα · δυσμαθῆ δ' ὅμως.

KA≷AN∆PA

παπαῖ, οἷον τὸ πῦρ · ἐπέρχεται δέ μοι. ότοτοῖ, Λύκει ᾿Απολλον, οὶ ἐγὼ ἐγώ. αὕτη δίπους λέαινα συγκοιμωμένη λύκῳ, λέοντος εὐγενοῦς ἀπουσία,

- 1260 κτενεί με τὴν τάλαιναν · ὡς δὲ φάρμακον τεύχουσα κάμοῦ μισθὸν ἐνθήσει κότῳ · κάπεύχεται θήγουσα φωτὶ φάσγανον ἐμῆς ἀγωγῆς ἀντιτείσασθαι φόνον. τί δῆτ' ἐμαυτῆς καταγέλωτ' ἔχω τάδε,
- 1265 καὶ σκηπτρα καὶ μαντεῖα περὶ δέρη στέφη; σὲ μὲν πρὸ μοίρας της ἐμης διαφθερῶ.
 ἔτ' ἐς φθόρον πεσόντ', ἐγὼ δ' ἄμ' ἔψομαι ·
 ἄλλην τιν' ἄτην ἀντ' ἐμοῦ πλουτίζετε.
 ἰδοὺ δ' ᾿Απόλλων αὐτὸς ἐκδύων ἐμὲ

1270 he has seen me even in this garb ridiculed among friends by my enemies without dissent, but without cause. And I endured like a vagrant wanderer to be called a beggar, a wretch, a starveling. And now the prophet, having undone me a prophetess, has brought me to these fatal fortunes. Instead of my father's altar a butcher's block awaits me, when I am smitten in hot blood by murderous slaughter. But we shall not die dishonored by 1280 the Gods: for there shall come hereafter another to avenge us, a child who will slay his mother and will avenge his father; and he who is now a wandering exile, a stranger to this land, will return to put the coping stone to this edifice of calamity for his house. For a mighty oath has been sworn by the Gods, that the fall of his murdered father shall bring him home again. Why now do I abide here thus lamenting, since first I have seen the city of Ilion faring as it has fared, and since I have seen those who held the city come out thus 1290 in the judgment of the Gods? I will go to meet my fate: I will endure to die. These gates that are before me I address as the gates of Hades; and I pray that I may receive a fatal blow, so that without a struggle, my life-blood flowing in easy

CHORUS LEADER

death, I may close these eyes.

Oh, woman of much grief, but also of much wisdom, thou hast spoken at length; but if thou truly knowest thy own fate, why dost thou step

1283

1270 χρηστηρίαν έσθητ', έποπτεύσας δέ με κάν τοισδε κόσμοις καταγελωμένην μέγα φίλων ὑπ' έχθρων, οὐ διχορρόπως, μάτην. καλουμένη δὲ, φοιτὰς ὡς ἀγύρτρια, πτωχὸς τάλαινα λιμοθνὴς ἠνεσχόμην.

1275 καὶ νῦν ὁ μάντις μάντιν ἐκπράξας ἐμὲ ἀπήγαγ' ἐς τοιάσδε θανασίμους τύχας. βωμοῦ πατρώου δ' ἀντ' ἐπίξηνον μένει, θερμῷ κοπείσης φοινίῳ προσφάγματι. οὐ μὴν ἄτιμοί γ' ἐκ θεῶν τεθνήξομεν.

1280 ἤξει γὰρ ἡμῶν ἄλλος αὖ τιμάορος,
μητροκτόνον φίτυμα, ποινάτωρ πατρός ·
φυγὰς δ᾽ ἀλήτης τῆσδε γῆς ἀπόξενος
κάτεισιν, ἄτας τάσδε θριγκώσων φίλοις ·
ὀμώμοται γὰρ ὅρκος ἐκ θεῶν μέγας,

1285 ἄξειν νιν ὑπτίασμα κειμένου πατρός.
τί δητ' ἐγὼ κάτοικος ὧδ' ἀναστένω,
ἐπεὶ τὸ πρῶτον εἶδον Ἰλίου πόλιν
πράξασαν ὡς ἔπραξεν, οἳ δ' εἶχον πόλιν
οὔτως ἀπαλλάσσουσιν ἐν θεῶν κρίσει;

1290 ἐοῦσα πράξω · τλήσομαι τὸ κατθανεῖν.

καίδου πύλας δὲ τάσδ' ἐγὼ προσεννέπω ·
ἐπεύχομαι δὲ καιρίας πληγῆς τυχεῖν,

ως ἀσφάδαστος, αἰμάτων εὐθνησίμων
ἀπορρυέντων, ὄμμα συμβάλω τόδε.

XOPO≤

1295 ω πολλά μὲν τάλαινα, πολλά δ' αὖ σοφὴ γύναι, μακράν ἔτεινας. εἰ δ' ἐτητύμως

to the altar with such calm courage, like an ox whom a God drives to the sacrifice?

CASSANDRA

There is no escape; there is none, strangers, for a longer time.

CHORUS LEADER

And yet he who comes last in time has an advantage.

CASSANDRA

My day has come; I shall gain little by flight.

CHORUS LEADER

But know that thou art suffering with a courageous heart.

CASSANDRA

That is a consolation that no happy man ever hears.

CHORUS LEADER

But it is a boon for a mortal to die nobly.

CASSANDRA

Alas, oh, father, for thee and for thy noble children!

CHORUS LEADER

What is it now? What terror turns thee back?

μόρον τὸν αὐτῆς οἶσθα, πῶς θεηλάτου βοὸς δίκην πρὸς βωμὸν εὐτόλμως πατεῖς;

KA≤AN∆PA

οὐκ ἔστ' ἄλυξις, οὖ, ξένοι, χρόνον πλέω.

XOPO €

13∞ ὁ δ' ὕστατός γε τοῦ χρόνου πρεσβεύεται.

KA≤AN∆PA

ηκει τόδ' ήμαρ · σμικρά κερδανώ φυγή.

XOPO≤

άλλ' ἴσθι τλήμων οὖσ' ἀπ' εὐτόλμου φρενός.

KA**≤**AN∆PA

οὐδεὶς ἀκούει ταῦτα τῶν εὐδαιμόνων.

XOPO≷

άλλ' εὐκλεῶς τοι κατθανεῖν χάρις βροτῷ.

KA≷AN∆PA

1305 ιω πάτερ σοῦ σων τε γενναίων τέκνων.

XQPO€

τί δ' ἐστὶ χρημα; τίς σ' ἀποστρέφει φόβος;

CASSANDRA

Oh, horror! horror!

CHORUS LEADER

Why hast thou uttered this cry, unless there is some loathing in thy heart?

CASSANDRA

This house has the scent of murder dripping with blood.

CHORUS LEADER

But how is that? This scent is from the sacri-1310 fices of the central hearth.

CASSANDRA

It seems like a blast from the tomb.

CHORUS LEADER

It is no glory of Syrian perfumes that thou ascribest to this house.

CASSANDRA

I am going into the house, there also to bewail my death and Agamemnon's. Enough of life, O strangers. It is not in vain that I shrink from this house in terror as a bird flutters around a bush. When I am dead, bear testimony to this, when a woman shall die to avenge me a woman, and when a man shall fall to avenge an ill-wedded man. I ask this gift of hospitality from you as one about to die.

KA≲AN∆PA

 $\phi \epsilon \hat{v} \phi \epsilon \hat{v}$.

XOPO€

τί τοῦτ' ἔφευξας; εἴ τι μὴ φρενῶν στύγος.

KA SANA PA

φόνον δόμοι πνέουσιν αίματοσταγή.

XOPO €

1310 καὶ πῶς; τόδ' ὄζει θυμάτων ἐφεστίων.

KA≷AN∆PA

ομοιος άτμὸς ὤσπερ ἐκ τάφου πρέπει.

XOPO≷

οὐ Σύριον ἀγλάϊσμα δώμασιν λέγεις.

KA≷AN∆PA

άλλ' εξμι κάν δόμοισι κωκύσουσ' έμην
'Αγαμέμνονός τε μοξραν. ἀρκείτω βίος.
ἰὼ ξένοι.

οὖτοι δυσοίζω θάμνον ὡς ὄρνις φόβῳ ἄλλως · θανούση μαρτυρεῖτέ μοι τόδε, ὅταν γυνὴ γυναικὸς ἀντ' ἐμοῦ θάνη, αντι Ξ'ιν ἀνήρ τε δυσδάμαρτος ἀντ' ἀνδρὸς πέση.

έπιξενούμαι ταύτα δ' ώς θανουμένη.

ACAMEMNON - S

1315

1320

CHORUS LEADER

Oh, wretched woman, I pity thee for the death thou hast foretold.

CASSANDRA

I wish once more to speak, or rather to sing my own dirge; and I pray to the sun in the presence of this last light of his, * * *

when I die as a slave, an easy victim. Alas for human fortunes. When they are happy, a mere shadow can overturn them; but if they are calamitous, a wetted sponge by one stroke obliterates all trace: and for this last I have more pity than for the former.

CHORUS LEADER

Prosperity is ever insatiate with all mortals; but no one ever shuts her out from his house saying "No longer enter here." So to this man the blessed Gods have granted to capture Priam's city, and honored by God he returns home. But, now, if he is to atone for the blood of former victims, and dying for those who have died is to pay the penalty for other deaths, what mortal hearing this would ever boast that he was born with a fate free from harm?

XOPO≤

ὧ τλημον, οἰκτίρω σε θεσφάτου μόρου.

KAZANAPA

ἄπαξ ἔτ' εἰπεῖν ῥῆσιν ἡ θρῆνον θέλω ἐμὸν τὸν αὐτῆς. ἡλίῳ δ' ἐπεύχομαι πρὸς ὕστατον φῶς † τοῖς ἐμοῖς τιμαόροις ἔχθροῖς φονεῦσι τοῖς ἐμοῖς τίνειν ὁμοῦ,† δούλης θανούσης, εὐμαροῦς χειρώματος. ἰὼ βρότεια πράγματ' · εὐτυχοῦντα μὲν σκιά τις ἄν τρέψειεν · εἰ δὲ δυστυχῆ, βολαῖς ὑγρώσσων σπόγγος ὥλεσεν γραφήν. καὶ ταῦτ' ἐκείνων μᾶλλον οἰκτίρω πολύ.

1325

1330

XOPO≤

τὸ μὲν εὖ πράσσειν ἀκόρεστον ἔφυ πᾶσι βροτοισιν · δακτυλοδείκτων δ' οὖτις ἀπειπὼν εἴργει μελάθρων, μηκέτ' ἐσέλθης, τάδε φωνῶν.

1335 καὶ τῷδε πόλιν μὲν ἐλεῖν ἔδοσαν μάκαρες Πριάμου · θεοτίμητος δ' οἴκαδ' ἱκάνει. νῦν δ' εἰ προτέρων αἷμ' ἀποτείση καὶ τοῖσι θανοῦσι θανὼν ἄλλων

1340 ποινὰς θανάτων ἐπικράνη, τίς ποτ' ἃν εὖξαιτο βροτῶν ἀσινεῖ δαίμονι φῦναι τάδ' ἀκούων;

AGAMEMNON

Oh, woe is me! I am struck to the heart with a fatal blow.

CHORUS LEADER

Silence! Who cries out, struck with a fatal blow?

AGAMEMNON

1345 Woe is me again, struck with a second blow!

CHORUS LEADER

It seems to me, by the wailing of the king, that the deed has been done. But let us take counsel, in case any safe plan shall appear.

MEMBERS OF THE CHORUS

- I. I give you my opinion, that we should proclaim to the citizens to bring help hither to the palace.
- 2. And it seems to me that we should rush in with all speed, and convict the murderer in the act with his newly dripping sword.
 - 3. And I share in the same opinion, and I vote to do something. It is high time for no delay.
 - 4. Yes, we can see; for they are beginning to act like men who would threaten the state with tyranny.
 - 5. Yes, for we are slow; but they trample under foot the glory of delay, and are sleepless with their hands.
 - 6. I know not what advice I can find to utter. It is the part of one who acts also to take counsel.

ΑΓΑΜΕΜΝΩΝ

ὦμοι, πέπληγμαι καιρίαν πληγὴν ἔσω.

XOPO≤

σίγα · τίς πληγην ἀϋτεῖ καιρίως οὐτασμένος;

ΑΓΑΜΕΜΝΩΝ

1345 ὤμοι μάλ' αὖθις, δευτέραν πεπληγμένος.

XOPO\$

τουργον εἰργάσθαι δοκεῖ μοι βασιλέως οἰμώγματι · ἀλλὰ κοινωσώμεθ' ἤν πως ἀσφαλῆ βουλεύματα.

XOPEYTAL

- ἐγὼ μὲν ὑμῶν τὴν ἐμὴν γνώμην λέγω,
 πρὸς δῶμα δεῦρ᾽ ἀστοῖσι κηρύσσειν βοήν.
- 1350 2. ἐμοὶ δ' ὅπως τάχιστά γ' ἐμπεσεῖν δοκεῖ καὶ πρᾶγμ' ἐλέγχειν σὺν νεορρύτῳ ξίφει.
 - κάγὼ τοιούτου γνώματος κοινωνὸς ὧν ψηφίζομαί τι δρᾶν· τὸ μὴ μέλλειν δ' ἀκμή.
 - 4. δράν πάρεστι· φροιμιάζονται γὰρ ὡς τυραννίδος σημεῖα πράσσοντες πόλει.

1355

- 5. χρονίζομεν γάρ. οἱ δὲ τῆς μελλοῦς κλέος πέδοι πατοῦντες οὐ καθεύδουσιν χερί.
- οὐκ οἶδα βουλῆς ἦστινος τυχὼν λέγω.
 τοῦ δρῶντός ἐστι καὶ τὸ βουλεῦσαι πέρι.

- 1360 7. And I take the same view, for I am at a loss to know how to raise the dead again by words.
 - 8. Shall we let our lives go on, and thus yield to these men in power who are disgracing this house?
 - 9. That is not endurable: it is better to die, for death is a gentler fate than tyranny.
 - 10. Well now! on the testimonies of mere groans are we to divine that the man is really dead?
 - 11. We ought to speak on this from clear knowledge; but guessing is very far from knowing clearly.
- 12. (*The Chorus Leader*.) I am supported 1370 from all sides in approving this, that we learn clearly how it really fares with the son of Atreus.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Having said much before this to suit the moment, I will not be ashamed now to speak the opposite. For how can any one, who is devising hostility to foes who profess to be friends, surround them with woe like a net too high to be leapt over? To me now this contest, which of old has never been forgetful of a former victory, has come in time, but it has come. I stand where I smote him, with the deed accomplished. And I so did it, for I will not deny it, that he should neither escape nor ward off his fate. I surround him, like a shoal of fish, with a net which had no outlet, a fatal wealth of robe. And I smite him twice, and with two groans he relaxes his limbs;

n there have in

1360 7. κάγὼ τοιοῦτός εἰμ', ἐπεὶ δυσμηχανῶ λόγοισι τὸν θανόντ' ἀνιστάναι πάλιν.

> 8. ή καὶ βίον τείνοντες ὧδ' ὑπείξομεν δόμων καταισχυντήρσι τοίσδ' ήγουμένοις;

9. ἀλλ' οὐκ ἀνεκτόν, ἀλλὰ κατθανεῖν κρατεῖ ·

πεπαιτέρα γὰρ μοίρα της τυραννίδος. 1365

10. ἢ γὰρ τεκμηρίοισιν ἐξ οἰμωγμάτων μαντευσόμεσθα τάνδρὸς ώς όλωλότος;

11. σάφ' είδότας χρη τωνδε μυθείσθαι πέρι. τὸ γὰρ τοπάζειν τοῦ σάφ' εἰδέναι δίχα.

1370 12. ταύτην ἐπαινεῖν πάντοθεν πληθύνομαι, τρανώς 'Ατρείδην είδέναι κυροῦνθ' ὅπως.

K∧YTAIMH≤TPA

πολλών πάροιθεν καιρίως εἰρημένων τάναντί' εἰπεῖν οὐκ ἐπαισχυνθήσομαι. πως γάρ τις έχθροις έχθρα πορσύνων, φίλοις

δοκοῦσιν είναι, πημονὴν ἀρκύστατ' αν 1375 φράξειεν, ύψος κρείσσον έκπηδήματος; έμοι δ' άγων ὅδ' οὐκ ἀφρόντιστος πάλαι έστηκα δ' ένθ' έπαισ' ἐπ ἐξειργασμένοις. σων εί ρειν Ε οὖτω δ' ἔπραξα, καὶ τάδ' οὖκ ἀρνήσομαι.

1380 οὖτω δ' ἔπραξα, καὶ τάδ' οὐκ ἀρνήσομαι, ώς μήτε φεύγειν μήτ' αμύνεσθαι μόρον. ἄπειρον ἀμφίβληστρον, ὧσπερ ἰχθύων, περιστιχίζω, πλοῦτον εἴματος κακόν. παίω δέ νιν δίς · κάν δυοίν οἰμωγμάτοιν

μεθηκεν αύτοῦ κώλα καὶ πεπτωκότι

Efrasona, - 51 Elpraonal - pulart m/p

and when he has fallen, I add a third blow, a grateful boon to Hades beneath the earth, the saviour of the dead. Thus falling, he pants forth his life; and as he breathes forth the sharp gush of his life-blood, he strikes me with a dark drop of deadly dew, and I rejoice in it no less than the sown field rejoices in beauty sent from Zeus in the bursting of the flower-cup. Since this is so, aged men of Argos, you may rejoice if so you please; but I exult. And if it were becoming to pour a libation over this dead man, this would be just, nay, exceeding just. With so many cursed calamities has he filled the cup in this house, and now he has come home to drain it off.

CHORUS LEADER

We wonder at thy tongue, how bold-mouthed 1400 thou art, who dost utter such a boastful speech over thy husband.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

You are trying me as if I were a foolish woman; but I with fearless heart say to you who know, — and it is all one to me whether you wish to approve or to blame me: "This is Agamemnon, my husband, now dead, the work of this right hand, a righteous worker. So stands the case."

CHORUS

What evil thing hast thou eaten which grew on earth, or what hast thou drunk which came from the flowing sea, that thou hast placed this

τρίτην ἐπενδίδωμι, τοῦ κατὰ χθονὸς "Αιδου νεκρών σωτήρος εὐκταίαν χάριν. ούτω τὸν αύτοῦ θυμὸν ὁρμαίνει πεσών, κάκφυσιῶν ὀξεῖαν αἴματος σφαγὴν 1390 βάλλει μ' έρεμνη ψακάδι φοινίας δρόσου, χαίρουσαν οὐδεν ήσσον ή διοσδότω γάνει σπορητὸς κάλυκος ἐν λοχεύμασιν. ώς ὧδ' ἐχόντων, πρέσβος Αργείων τόδε, χαίροιτ' ἄν, εἰ χαίροιτ', ἐγὼ δ' ἐπεύχομαι. εὶ δ' ἦν πρεπόντων ὤστ' ἐπισπένδειν νεκρώ, τώδ' αν δικαίως ήν, ύπερδίκως μεν οὖν.

XOPO≨

θαυμάζομέν σου γλώσσαν, ώς θρασύστομος, 1400 ήτις τοιόνδ' ἐπ' ἀνδρὶ κομπάζεις λόγον.

τοσωνδε κρατηρ' έν δόμοις κακών όδε πλήσας άραίων αὐτὸς ἐκπίνει μολών.

1395

K∧YTAIMH≷TPA

πειρασθέ μου γυναικός ώς άφράσμονος. έγω δ' ατρέστω καρδία προς είδότας λέγω · σὺ δ' αἰνεῖν εἴτε με ψέγειν θέλεις ομοιον. οὐτός ἐστιν ᾿Αγαμέμνων, ἐμὸς 1405 πόσις, νεκρὸς δέ, τῆσδε δεξιᾶς χερὸς έργον, δικαίας τέκτονος. τάδ' ὧδ' έχει.

XOPO€

τί κακόν, ὧ γύναι, χθονοτρεφὲς ἐδανὸν ή ποτον πασαμένα ρυτας έξ άλος δρμενον

Str.

incense upon thy head with the people's curses.

Thou hast cast him out, thou hast cut him off;
and thou shalt be cut off from the city, a mighty

abomination to the citizens.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Now you would condemn me to be exiled from the city and to have the hatred of the citizens and the people's curses, when you brought nothing like this against this man, who, regarding it as little as if it had been the death of a beast, while sheep were abounding in his fleecy flocks, sacrificed his own daughter, my dearest offspring, to quiet the Thracian blasts. Should you not have banished him from this land as a punishment for his foul deeds? When you hear 1420 of my acts you are a harsh judge; but I tell you to go on with your threats, for I am prepared on equal terms, if you overpower me by your hands, to let you rule me; but if God wills it otherwise, taught late in life, you shall learn a lesson of prudence.

CHORUS

Thou hast grand thoughts, and hast uttered haughty words. Thy mind is maddened, as it were, by thy murderous fortune. A clot of blood is to be seen on thy brow yet unatoned; and hereafter, bereft of friends, thou must pay blow for blow.

τόδ' ἐπέθου θύος δημοθρόους τ' ἀράς;
1410 ἀπέδικες, ἀπέταμες · ἀπόπολις δ' ἔση
μίσος ὄβριμον ἀστοῖς.

K∧YTAIMH≷TPA

νῦν μὲν δικάζεις ἐκ πόλεως φυγὴν ἐμοὶ καὶ μῖσος ἀστῶν δημόθρους τ' ἔχειν ἀράς, οὐδὲν τόδ' ἀνδρὶ τῷδ' ἐναντίον φέρων.

1415 δς οὐ προτιμῶν, ὡσπερεὶ βοτοῦ μόρον, μήλων φλεόντων εὐπόκοις νομεύμασιν, ἔθυσεν αὐτοῦ παῖδα, φιλτάτην ἐμοὶ ἀδῖν', ἐπῷδὸν Θρηκίων ἀημάτων.

οὐ τοῦτον ἐκ γῆς τῆσδε χρῆν σ' ἀνδρηλατεῖν, μιασμάτων ἄποιν'; ἐπήκοος δ' ἐμῶν ἔργων δικαστὴς τραχὺς εἶ. λέγω δέ σοι τοιαῦτ' ἀπειλεῖν, ὡς παρεσκευασμένης ἐκ τῶν ὁμοίων χειρὶ νικήσαντ' ἐμοῦ ἄρχειν · ἐὰν δὲ τοὔμπαλιν κραίνη θεός,

1425 γνώση διδαχθεὶς ὀψὲ γοῦν τὸ σωφρονεῖν.

XOPO€

μεγαλόμητις εἶ, περίφρονα δ' ἔλακες · Ant. ὥσπερ οὖν φονολιβεῖ τύχα φρὴν ἐπιμαίνεται · λίπος ἐπ' ὀμμάτων αἵματος ἐμπρέπει ἀτίετον ἔτι σὲ χρὴ στερομέναν φίλων 1430 τύμμα τύμματι τεῖσαι.

aNT TOV

CLYTAEMNESTRA

And now you hear the solemn justice of my oaths. By the accomplished vengeance for my daughter, by Ate and the avenging Fury to whom I sacrificed this man. I have no expectation that fear will tread my house so long as Aegisthus kindles the fire upon my hearth, kindly disposed to me as of old. For he is no slight shield to my courage. Here lies the man who foully wronged this woman, the darling of every Chryseis at Ilion; 1440 and here lies this captive woman, this sorceress, his concubine, his faithful prophetic companion. who shared with him the benches of his ship. They have suffered a fate not undeserved: for he lies, as you see; and she, having like a swan sung her last death song, lies here, his lover; and by her death she has brought to me ta dainty dish of new delight.†

CHORUS

Alas! O that death might come speedily, not with heavy pangs, nor lingering, and bring to us eternal sleep, now that our most friendly guardian has been laid low, who suffered much for a woman's sake! — and at a woman's hands he has

KAYTAIMHETPA

καὶ τήνδ' ἀκούεις ὁρκίων ἐμῶν θέμιν. μὰ τὴν τέλειον τῆς ἐμῆς παιδὸς Δίκην, Ατην Έρινύν θ', αξσι τόνδ' ἔσφαξ' ἐγώ, ου μοι φόβου μέλαθρον έλπὶς έμπατείν, έως αν αίθη πυρ έφ' έστίας έμης Αἴγισθος, ώς τὸ πρόσθεν εὖ φρονῶν ἐμοί. οθτος γαρ ήμιν άσπις ού σμικρα θράσους. κείται γυναικός τησδε λυμαντήριος, Χρυσηΐδων μείλιγμα τῶν ὑπ' Ἰλίω. η τ' αἰχμάλωτος ήδε καὶ τερασκόπος ή κοινόλεκτρος τοῦδε, θεσφατηλόγος πιστή ξύνευνος, †ναυτίλων δε σελμάτων ἰσοτριβής.† ἄτιμα δ' οὐκ ἐπραξάτην. ό μέν γὰρ οὖτως, ἡ δέ τοι κύκνου δίκην τὸν ὕστατον μέλψασα θανάσιμον γόον κείται φιλήτωρ τοῦδ', ἐμοὶ δ' ἐπήγαγεν †εὐνης παροψώνημα της έμης χλιδης.†

1435

1440

1445

1450

XOPO₹

φεῦ, τίς ἄν ἐν τάχει, μὴ περιώδυνος, μηδὲ δεμνιοτήρης, μόλοι τὸν ἀεὶ φέρουσ' ἐν ἡμῖν Μοῖρ' ἀτέλευτον ὕπνον, δαμέντος φύλακος εὐμενεστάτου πολέα τλάντος γυναικὸς διαί; πρὸς γυναικὸς δ' ἀπέφθισεν βίον.

Str. 1

lost his life. Alas, alas, infatuated Helen, who alone destroyed the many, the very many lives which were lost at Troy.

1460 * * * * * *

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Do not be oppressed by this and invoke on yourselves the fate of death; and do not turn your wrath against Helen, and say that she is a murderess, that she alone destroyed the lives of many Grecian men and wrought this crushing grief.

CHORUS,

O divinity, who dost fall upon this house and the double offspring of Tantalus, and dost wield a power of equal might with theirs in women's hands, heartrending to me. Standing over this body like an odious crow, he exults in singing his inharmonious song.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Now you have righted the judgment of your mouth, in invoking the thrice-gorged avenging

1455 ἐὼ ἐὼ παράνους Ἑλένα

μία τὰς πολλὰς, τὰς πάνυ πολλὰς

ψυχὰς ὀλέσασ' ὑπὸ Τροίᾳ.

† νῦν δὲ τελείαν . .

ἢ πολύμναστον ἐπηνθίσω αἷμ' ἄνιπτον,

1460 ἤτις ἢν τότ' ἐν δόμοις

ἔρις ἐρίδματος ἀνδρὸς οἰζύς. †

K∧YTAIMH≷TPA

μηδεν θανάτου μοῖραν ἐπεύχου τοῖσδε βαρυνθείς ·
μηδ' εἰς Ἑλένην κότον ἐκτρέψης, ὡς ἀνδρολέτειρ', ὡς μία πολλῶν ἀνδρῶν ψυχὰς Δαναῶν ὀλέσασ' ἀξύστατον ἄλγος ἔπραξε.

1465

1470

Anap.

XOPO₹

δαΐμον, δς έμπίτνεις δώμασι καὶ διφυίοισι Τανταλίδαισιν, κράτος τ' ἰσόψυχον έκ γυναικῶν καρδιόδηκτον έμοὶ κρατύνεις. ἐπὶ δὲ σώματος δίκαν κόρακος ἐχθροῦ σταθεῖσ' ἐκνόμως ὕμνον ὑμνεῖν ἐπεύχεται.

Ant. I

K∧YTAIMH≷TPA

1475 νῦν δ' ὤρθωσας στόματος γνώμην, Anap.
τὸν τριπάχυντον

Fury of this race. It is owing to him that this passion for lapping blood is nurtured in its inward parts: before the ancient grief has ceased, new blood is shed.

CHORUS

It is a mighty deity and one heavy with wrath that thou dost tell of as haunting this house,—alas, in a direful tale of baneful, insatiate fortune,—alas, through Zeus, the worker of all, the cause of all. For what comes to mortals without Zeus? What of all this is not divinely ordered?

Alas, O king, O king, how shall I weep for thee? From my friendly heart what shall I say to thee? Thou liest in this spider's web, breathing out thy life in impious death. Alas, in this slavish manner dost thou lie, overpowered by deceitful death, by a doubly cutting dart from the hand.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

You declare that this deed is mine; but do not say that I am the wife of Agamemnon;

δαίμονα γέννης τησδε κικλήσκων. ἐκ τοῦ γὰρ ἔρως αἰματολοιχὸς νείρη τρέφεται · πρὶν καταληξαι τὸ παλαιὸν ἄχος, νέος ἰχώρ.

1480

1485

XOPO≨

ἢ μέγαν οἰκονόμον δαίμονα καὶ βαρύμηνιν αἰνεῖς, φεῦ φεῦ, κακὸν αἶνον ἀτηρᾶς τύχας ἀκορέστου · ἰὴ ἰὴ διαὶ Διὸς παναιτίου πανεργέτα. τί γὰρ βροτοῖς ἄνευ Διὸς τελεῖται ; τί τῶνδ' οὐ θεόκραντόν ἐστιν ;

Str. 2

ιὰ ιὰ βασιλεῦ βασιλεῦ,

1490 πῶς σε δακρύσω;

φρενὸς ἐκ φιλίας τί ποτ' εἴπω;

κεῖσαι δ' ἀράχνης ἐν ὑφάσματι τῷδ'

ἀσεβεῖ θανάτῳ βίον ἐκπνέων,—

ἄμοι μοι κοίταν τάνδ' ἀνελεύθερον

δολίῳ μόρῳ δαμεὶς
ἐκ χερὸς ἀμφιτόμῳ βελέμνῳ.

K∧YTAIMH≷TPA

αὐχεῖς εἶναι τόδε τοὕργον ἐμόν· μηδ' ἐπιλεχθῆς 'Αγαμεμνονίαν εἶναί μ' ἄλοχον. AGAMEMNON — 9 Anap.

but the ancient grim avenger of Atreus, savage feaster, likening himself to the wife of this dead man, paid him as a penalty, sacrificing a full-grown man for infant children.

CHORUS

That thou art guiltless of this murder, who will testify? How, how? And yet the avenging Fury of the father may prove to be thy helper. Black Ares forces his way through streams of kindred blood to a point where he will work ven1510 geance for the gore of the devoured children.

Alas, O king, O king, how shall I weep for thee? From my friendly heart what shall I say to thee? Thou liest in this spider's web, breathing out thy life in impious death. Alas, in this slavish manner dost thou lie, overpowered by deceitful death, by a doubly cutting dart from the hand.

Ant. 2

1500 φανταζόμενος δὲ γυναικὶ νεκροῦ τοῦδ' ὁ παλαιὸς δριμὺς ἀλάστωρ ᾿Ατρέως χαλεποῦ θοινατῆρος τόνδ' ἀπέτεισεν, τέλεον νεαροῖς ἐπιθύσας.

XOPO≤

1505 ώς μεν ἀναίτιος εἶ τοῦδε φόνου τίς ὁ μαρτυρήσων ; πῶς πῶς ; πατρόθεν δὲ συλλή-πτωρ γένοιτ' ἀν ἀλάστωρ. βιάζεται δ' ὁμοσπόροις επιρροαῖσιν αἰμάτων μέλας "Αρης ὅποι δίκαν προβαίνων πάχνα κουροβόρφ παρέξει.

1515

1520

ιὰ ιὰ βασιλεῦ βασιλεῦ,
πῶς σε δακρύσω;
φρενὸς ἐκ φιλίας τί ποτ' εἴπω;
κεῖσαι δ' ἀράχνης ἐν ὑφάσματι τῷδ'
ἀσεβεῖ θανάτῳ βίον ἐκπνέων.
ὤμοι μοι κοίταν τάνδ' ἀνελεύθερον
δολίῳ μόρῳ δαμεὶς
ἐκ χερὸς ἀμφιτόμῳ βελέμνῳ.

K∧YTAIMH≤TPA

[οὖτ' ἀνελεύθερον οἶμαι θάνατον τῷδε γενέσθαι.]

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Has he not brought calamity by deceit to this 1520 house? And to my offspring begotten by him, the much-bewailed Iphigeneia, having done things worthy of his suffering, and now suffering things worthy of his deed, let him not bewail in Hades, when he has atoned for what he did through death by the sword.

CHORUS

I am at a loss, bereft of thought, for some 1530 ready device, whither I shall turn now the house is falling. I fear the crash of the storm that is to destroy this house, the storm of blood; the droppings now cease. And fate is whetting the sword of Justice for a new deed of mischief upon new whetstones.

Alas, O earth, O earth, would that thou hadst received me before I had beheld this king lying low in the bath with silvered walls! Who now will bury him? Who will lament him? Wilt thou dare to do this,—after slaying thy husband to bewail his soul, and unjustly show him a thankless favor in requital for thy odious deeds. What funeral eulogy over this godlike man, though spoken with tears, will grieve in truth of soul?

Anap.

οὐδὲ γὰρ οῦτος δολίαν ἄτην οἴκοισιν ἔθηκ';
ἀλλ' ἐμὸν ἐκ τοῦδ' ἔρνος ἀερθέν,
τὴν πολυκλαύτην Ἰφιγενείαν,
ἄξια δράσας ἄξια πάσχων
μηδὲν ἐν Ἅιδου μεγαλαυχείτω,
ξιφοδηλήτω
θανάτω τείσας ἄπερ ἔρξεν.

1525

XOPO≨

1530 ἀμηχανῶ φροντίδος στερηθεὶς Str. 3
εὐπάλαμον μέριμναν
ὅπα τράπωμαι, πίτνοντος οἴκου.
δέδοικα δ' ὄμβρου κτύπον δομοσφαλῆ
τὸν αἰματηρόν· ψακὰς δὲ λήγει.
1535 δίκη δ' ἐπ' ἄλλο πρᾶγμ' ἄορ θήγει βλάβης
πρὸς ἄλλαις θηγάναισι Μοῖρα.

ιὰ γὰ γὰ, εἴθ' ἔμ' ἐδέξω,
πρὶν τόνδ' ἐπιδεῖν ἀργυροτοίχου

1540 δροίτας κατέχοντα χαμεύνην.
τίς ὁ θάψων νιν; τίς ὁ θρηνήσων;
ἢ σὰ τόδ' ἔρξαι τλήσει, κτείνασ'
ἄνδρα τὸν αὐτῆς, ἀποκωκῦσαι

1545 ψυχήν, ἄχαριν χάριν ἀντ' ἔργων
μεγάλων ἀδίκως ἐπικρᾶναι;
τίς δ' ἐπιτύμβιος αἶνος ἐπ' ἀνδρὶ θείφ
σὰν δάκρυσιν ἰάπτων

1550 ἀλαθεία φρενῶν πονήσει;

CLYTAEMNESTRA

It becomes you not to talk thus of this duty. By us he fell, by us he died; and we will bury him, but not with lamentations from the house; . . . but his daughter Iphigeneia, as is her right, will affectionately meet her father at the swift-flowing passage of sorrows, and throw her arms about his neck and kiss him.

CHORUS LEADER

This disgrace has come to atone for another disgrace. These are hard quarrels to settle. Some one spoils the spoiler, the slayer pays the penalty; but it abides, while Zeus remains and me endures, that the doer shall suffer, for it is the law. Who can expel from the house the accursed brood? This race is welded to calamity.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

You have come with truth upon this oracular saying. And I am ready to make a compact with the divinity of the Pleisthenidae, that I will ac-

K∧YTAIMH≤TPA

οὖ σὲ προσήκει τὸ μέλημα λέγειν τοῦτο· πρὸς ἡμῶν κάππεσε, κάτθανε, καὶ καταθάψομεν οὖχ ὑπὸ κλαυθμῶν τῶν ἐξ οἴκων,

Anap.

1555 ἀλλ' Ἰφιγένειά νιν ἀσπασίως
θυγάτηρ, ὡς χρή,
πατέρ' ἀντιάσασα πρὸς ὠκύπορον
πόρθμευμ' ἀχέων
περὶ χεῖρε βαλοῦσα φιλήσει.

XOPO≤

1560 ὄνειδος ἥκει τόδ' ἀντ' ὀνείδους.
δύσμαχα δ' ἔστι κρῖναι.
φέρει φέροντ', ἐκτίνει δ' ὁ καίνων.
μίμνει δὲ μίμνοντος ἐν χρόνῳ Διὸς
παθεῖν τὸν ἔρξαντα. θέσμιον γάρ·
1565 τίς ἃν γονὰν ἀραῖον ἐκβάλοι δόμων;
κεκόλληται γένος πρὸς ἄτᾳ.

Ant. 3

K∧YTAIMH≷TPA

ές τόνδ' ἐνέβης ξὺν ἀληθεία χρησμόν. ἐγὼ δ' οὖν ἐθέλω δαίμονι τῷ Πλεισθενιδῶν ὄρκους θεμένη τάδε μὲν στέργειν,

Anap.

1570

quiesce in this, grievous though it is, and for the future that he shall depart from this house and waste some other race by kindred deaths. And I am satisfied to have a small portion of the wealth, if I may relieve this house from the madness of murdering one another.

AEGISTHUS

Oh, joyous light of a day of justice! Now I can say that the Gods as avengers of mortals look from above on the woes of earth, when I 1580 have seen this man to my delight lying in the Furies' woven robes, atoning for the devices of his father's hand. For Atreus, the ruler of this land, this man's father, drove from the city and his home Thyestes, my father and his brother (to tell the whole tale), when his power was disputed by him. And wretched Thyestes, returning as a suppliant to his hearthstone, found his fate secure, so that he should not perish on the spot and stain his ancestral pavement with his blood. 1590 But this man's impious father Atreus, by way of hospitality, with more eagerness than friendship, while he professed to be keeping a festal day with good cheer, set before my father a banquet of his own children's flesh. The parts about the feet and the finger-tips he broke off, as he sat by himself at the head of the table; and my father in

δύστλητά περ ὄνθ', δ δε λοιπόν, ἰόντ' ἐκ τῶνδε δόμων ἄλλην γενεὰν τρίβειν θανάτοις αὐθένταισι· κτεάνων τε μέρος βαιὸν ἐχούση πᾶν ἀπόχρη μοι 1575 μανίας μελάθρων ἀλληλοφόνους ἀφελούση.

AIFIX00X

ὧ φέγγος εὖφρον ἡμέρας δικηφόρου. φαίην αν ήδη νῦν βροτών τιμαόρους θεούς ἄνωθεν γης ἐποπτεύειν ἄχη, 1580 ίδων ύφαντοις έν πέπλοις Έρινύων τὸν ἄνδρα τόνδε κείμενον φίλως ἐμοί, χερὸς πατρώας ἐκτίνοντα μηχανάς. Ατρεὺς γὰρ ἄρχων τῆσδε γῆς, τούτου πατήρ, πατέρα Θυέστην τὸν ἐμόν, ὡς τορῶς φράσαι, 1585 αύτοῦ δ' ἀδελφόν, ἀμφίλεκτος ὧν κράτει, ηνδρηλάτησεν έκ πόλεώς τε καὶ δόμων. καὶ προστρόπαιος έστίας μολών πάλιν τλήμων Θυέστης μοίραν ηὔρετ' ἀσφαλή, τὸ μὴ θανών πατρώον αἰμάξαι πέδον 1590 αὐτοῦ· ξένια δὲ τοῦδε δύσθεος πατὴρ ' Ατρεύς, προθύμως μᾶλλον ἢ φίλως, πατρὶ τώμῶ, κρεουργὸν ἢμαρ εὐθύμως ἄγειν δοκῶν, παρέσχε δαῖτα παιδείων κρεῶν. τὰ μὲν ποδήρη καὶ χερῶν ἄκρους κτένας 1595 ἔθρυπτ' ἄνωθεν ἀνδρακὰς καθήμενος.

his ignorance, hastily taking the parts which were not distinguishable, ate food which, as you see, was full of destruction to our race. And afterwards, when he recognized his unholy deed, he groaned and fell back vomiting from the murder-1600 ous feast; and he invoked upon the Pelopidae a doom intolerable, uniting the overturn of the table with a general curse that thus might perish the whole race of Pleisthenes. From this you now may see this man lying dead. And I am the righteous planner of this murder; for he drove me out also, when I was a new-born babe in swaddling clothes, the third child of my wretched father. And when I had grown up, Justice brought me back again; and while I was abroad I worked against this man, plotting every device of evil 1610 counsel. So it is delightful for me now even to die, when I have seen this man in the nets of Justice.

CHORUS LEADER

Aegisthus, I have no respect for insolence amid calamities. You say you slew this man of your free will, and that you alone devised this piteous murder. Be assured, I declare to you, that in justice your head shall not escape the stony curses which the people will hurl.

AEGISTHUS

Do you talk this way, sitting at the lower oar, when those who sit on the higher bench command the ship? Old as you are, you shall learn that it is hard for those of your age to be taught when

άσημα δ' αὐτῶν αὐτίκ' ἀγνοία λαβων έσθει βοράν ἄσωτον, ώς όρậς, γένει. κάπειτ' έπιγνούς έργον οὐ καταίσιον ομωξεν, άμπίπτει δ' άπὸ σφαγης έρων. 1600 μόρον δ' άφερτον Πελοπίδαις επεύχεται, λάκτισμα δείπνου ξυνδίκως τιθείς άρᾶ ούτως όλέσθαι πᾶν τὸ Πλεισθένους γένος. έκ τωνδέ σοι πεσόντα τόνδ' ίδειν πάρα. κάγω δίκαιος τοῦδε τοῦ φόνου ραφεύς. 1605 τρίτον γὰρ ὄντα μ' ἐπίτεκ' ἀθλίω πατρὶ συνεξελαύνει τυτθον όντ' έν σπαργάνοις. τραφέντα δ' αδθις ή δίκη κατήγαγεν. καὶ τοῦδε τάνδρὸς ἡψάμην θυραῖος ὧν, πάσαν συνάψας μηχανήν δυσβουλίας. 1610 ούτω καλον δή καὶ τὸ κατθανείν ἐμοί, ίδόντα τοῦτον της δίκης ἐν ἔρκεσιν.

XOPO≤

Αἴγισθ', ὑβρίζειν ἐν κακοῖσιν οὐ σέβω.
σὺ δ' ἄνδρα τόνδε φὴς ἑκὼν κατακτανεῖν,
μόνος δ' ἔποικτον τόνδε βουλεῦσαι φόνον·
1615 οὔ φημ' ἀλύξειν ἐν δίκη τὸ σὸν κάρα
δημορριφεῖς, σάφ' ἴσθι, λευσίμους ἀράς.

AILI8008

σὺ ταῦτα φωνεῖς νερτέρα προσήμενος κώπη, κρατούντων τῶν ἐπὶ ζυγῷ δορός; γνώσει γέρων ὧν ὡς διδάσκεσθαι βαρὺ you are commanded to be prudent. Chains and 1620 hungry pangs are most powerful healing prophets of the soul to instruct even old age. Do you not see when you behold this? Don't kick against the pricks, lest you strike and suffer.

CHORUS LEADER

You woman, you who tarried at home waiting for those who returned from battle, after disgracing the man's bed the while, did you plot this death against the great commander?

AEGISTHUS

These words too are but the beginning of sorrow. You have a tongue most unlike that of 1630 Orpheus. For he by his voice led all things after him joyously; but you, having aroused men by your mild barkings, will yourself be led captive; and you will appear gentler when overcome.

CHORUS LEADER

To talk about your being tyrant of the Argives, — you, who when you had plotted death for this man, did not dare to perform the deed with your own hand!

AEGISTHUS

Yes, for plotting was clearly the woman's part; since I was a suspected enemy from my very birth. But with his wealth I shall try to rule the

τῷ τηλικούτῳ, σωφρονεῖν εἰρημένον.
 δεσμὸς δὲ καὶ τὸ γῆρας αἴ τε νήστιδες
 δύαι διδάσκειν ἐξοχώταται φρενῶν
 ἰατρομάντεις. οὐχ ὁρậς ὁρῶν τάδε;
 πρὸς κέντρα μὴ λάκτιζε, μὴ παίσας μογῆς.

XOPO€

1625 γύναι, σὺ τοὺς ἥκοντας ἐκ μάχης μένων οἰκουρὸς εὐνὴν ἀνδρὸς αἰσχύνας ἄμα, ἀνδρὶ στρατηγῷ τόνδ' ἐβούλευσας μόρον;

AIFI≅00≷

XOPO≤

ώς δη σύ μοι τύραννος 'Αργείων έση, δς οὐκ, ἐπειδη τῷδ' ἐβούλευσας μόρον, 1635 δρᾶσαι τόδ' ἔργον οὐκ ἔτλης αὐτοκτόνως.

ΑΙΓΙ≤ΘΟ≤

τὸ γὰρ δολῶσαι πρὸς γυναικὸς ἦν σαφῶς, ἐγὰ δ' ὕποπτος ἐχθρὸς ἦ παλαιγενής. ἐκ τῶν δὲ τοῦδε χρημάτων πειράσομαι citizens; and any one who disobeys me I will put 1640 under a heavy yoke, so that he shall no longer run as a rampant colt in harness. But hateful hunger, with darkness as his companion, will see him made gentle.

CHORUS LEADER

Why in the baseness of your soul did you not slay this man yourself, but let a woman, the pollution of this land and of the Gods of our country, join in the murder? Does Orestes anywhere still behold the light, that he may return home by kindly fortune and prove an all-powerful destroyer of both of these?

AEGISTHUS

Well, since you think of acting as well as 1650 talking, you shall quickly find out. Ho now! friends in ambush, your work is not far off.

CHORUS LEADER

Ho now! let every one be ready with hand upon his sword.

AEGISTHUS

And I, with hand on my sword, do not refuse to die.

CHORUS LEADER

We hail your word when you speak of death, and we accept that fortune.

ἄρχειν πολιτῶν· τὸν δὲ μὴ πειθάνορα
1640 ζεύξω βαρείαις οὖτι μὴ σειραφόρον
κριθῶντα πῶλον· ἀλλ' ὁ δυσφιλὴς σκότῳ
λιμὸς ξύνοικος μαλθακόν σφ' ἐπόψεται.

XOPO₹

τί δὴ τὸν ἄνδρα τόνδ' ἀπὸ ψυχῆς κακῆς οὐκ αὐτὸς ἠνάριζες, ἀλλὰ σὺν γυνὴ 1645 χώρας μίασμα καὶ θεῶν ἐγχωρίων ἔκτειν'; 'Ορέστης ἆρά που βλέπει φάος, ὅπως κατελθὼν δεῦρο πρευμενεῖ τύχῃ ἀμφοῖν γένηται τοῖνδε παγκρατὴς φονεύς;

AITI \$00\$

άλλ' ἐπεὶ δοκεῖς τάδ' ἔρδειν καὶ λέγειν, γνώσε τάχα.
1650 εἶα δή, φίλοι λοχῖται, τοὖργον οὐχ ἑκὰς τόδε.

XOPO≷

εἷα δη, ξίφος πρόκωπον πᾶς τις εὐτρεπιζέτω.

ΑΙΓΙ≤ΘΟ≤

άλλὰ μὴν κάγὼ πρόκωπος οὐκ ἀναίνομαι θανείν.

XOPO€ -

δεχομένοις λέγεις θανείν σε · τὴν τύχην δ' αίρούμεθα.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

By no means, dearest of men, let us do more evils. It will be a wretched harvest to reap even these many which we have done. Enough of woe we have; let us shed no more blood. Depart with the old men to your proper homes, before committing any fatal act and suffering the penalty. What we have already done we had to do. If this should prove to be enough of trouble, we would accept it, grievously smitten 1660 as we are by the heavy hand of fate. This is the word of a woman, if any one sees fit to learn from it.

AEGISTHUS

But to think that these men should thus hurl upon me the flowers of an empty tongue, and should utter words like these, tempting fate, and that they should miss wise counsel and insult the one in power.

CHORUS LEADER

This would not be like men of Argos, to fawn upon a base man.

AEGISTHUS

But I will still pursue you in days to come.

CHORUS LEADER

Not if fate shall guide Orestes to return hither.

K∧YTAIMH≷TPA

μηδαμῶς, ὧ φίλτατ' ἀνδρῶν, ἄλλα δράσωμεν κακά.

1655 ἀλλὰ καὶ τάδ' ἐξαμῆσαι πολλὰ δύστηνον θέρος ·
πημονῆς δ' ἄλις γ' ὑπάρχει · μηδὲν αἰματώμεθα.

στεῖχε καὶ σὺ χοἰ γέροντες πρὸς δόμους πεπρωμένους,

πρὶν παθεῖν ἔρξαντ' ἄκαιρον · χρῆν τάδ' ὡς ἐπράξαμεν.

εἰ δέ τοι μόχθων γένοιτο τῶνδ' ἄλις, δεχοίμεθ' ἄν, 1660 δαίμονος χηλῆ βαρεία δυστυχῶς πεπληγμένοι. ὧδ' ἔχει λόγος γυναικός, εἴ τις ἀξιοῖ μαθεῖν.

AIFI≅00≷

άλλὰ τούσδ' ἐμοὶ ματαίαν γλῶσσαν δδ' απαν- ΤΕΚΤ θίσαι κὰκβαλεῖν ἔπη τοιαῦτα δαίμονος πειρωμένους,

κάκβαλειν έπη τοιαυτα δαίμονος πειρωμένους, σώφρονος γνώμης δ' άμαρτείν τον κρατοθντά θ' ύβρίσαι.

XOPO€

1665 οὐκ ἀν ᾿Αργείων τόδ' εἴη, φῶτα προσσαίνειν κακόν.

AIFI < OO >

άλλ' έγώ σ' έν ύστέραισιν ήμέραις μέτειμ' έτι.

XOPO€

οὖκ, ἐὰν δαίμων Ὀρέστην δεῦρ' ἀπευθύνη μολεῖν.

TEXT

AEGISTHUS

I know that men in exile feed on hopes.

CHORUS LEADER

Go on, wax wanton, and defile justice. Now is your time.

AEGISTHUS

1670 Know that you will pay the penalty for this folly.

CHORUS LEADER

Boast and be bold, like a cock before the hen.

CLYTAEMNESTRA

Pay no attention to these vain barkings. You and I in power over this house will set it all right.

AILIS008

οίδ' έγὼ φεύγοντας ἄνδρας έλπίδας σιτουμένους.

XOPO≨

πρασσε, πιαίνου, μιαίνων τὴν δίκην, ἐπεὶ πάρα.

AIFI≅00≷

1670 ἴσθι μοι δώτων ἄποινα τῆσδε μωρίας χάριν.

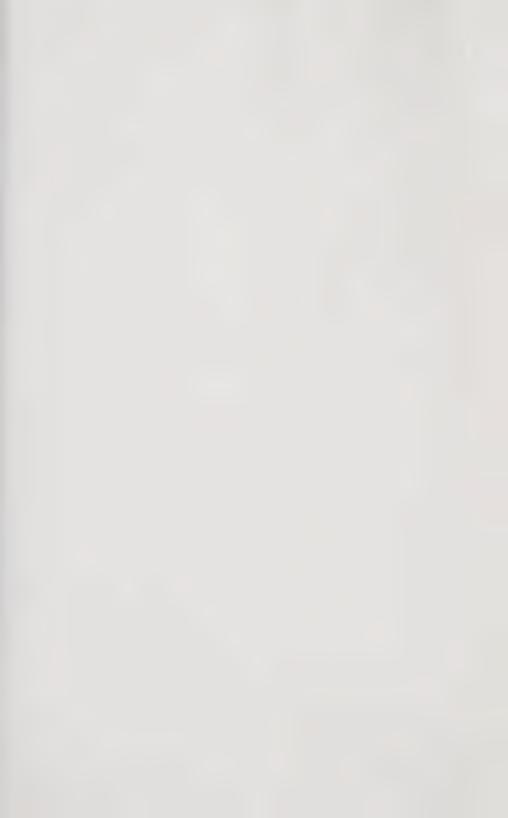
XOPO≤

κόμπασον θαρσῶν, ἀλέκτωρ ὥστε θηλείας πέλας.

K∧YTAIMH<TPA

μὴ προτιμήσης ματαίων τῶνδ' ὑλαγμάτων · ἐγὼ καὶ σὺ θήσομεν κρατοῦντε τῶνδε δωμάτων καλῶς.











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